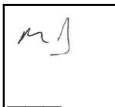


AGENDA INFORMATION	
☐ Regular Meeting	Date: _____
☐ Other:	Date: _____

 Dept. Manager	 GM/ Director	 CAO
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The District of North Vancouver REPORT TO COUNCIL

January 13, 2026

AUTHOR: Mike Danks - Fire Chief

SUBJECT: New Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762

RECOMMENDATION:

THAT Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2026 is given FIRST, SECOND and THIRD readings.

AND THAT Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458, 2004 Amendment Bylaw 8776, 2025 (Amendment 84) is given FIRST, SECOND and THIRD readings;

AND THAT Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004, Amendment Bylaw 8769, 2025 (Amendment 6) is given FIRST, SECOND and THIRD readings.

REASONS FOR REPORT:

The report to Council outlines an updated Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw to ensure compliance with the new provincial *Fire Safety Act*, effective August 1, 2024, and to modernize fire safety provisions within the District. The new bylaw also aligns the District's bylaw with the City of North Vancouver (CNV) and District of West Vancouver (DWV) by reflecting updates found in CNV's fire bylaw, which was the most recently updated with consultation from DNV and DWV. Key updates include the mandatory designation of Fire Inspectors and Investigators, updated evacuation requirements, revised definitions, and adjustments to certain bylaw document headings.

SUMMARY:

The proposed new Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762 ensures compliance with the new *Fire Safety Act* (effective August 1, 2024) and modernizes provisions for fire safety within the District. Key changes are included in the Background section below.

BACKGROUND:

Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2026

The provincial *Fire Safety Act* replaced the Province of BC's *Fire Services Act* in 2024, introducing significant changes for local governments, including:

- Mandatory designation of Fire Inspectors and Investigators.
- Clear authority for tactical and preventative evacuations.
- Revised definitions.
- Enhanced compliance and enforcement tools, including cost recovery and administrative penalties.

The Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762 has been modernized by adding:

- Enforcement provisions for parkade, storage room, and bicycle storage room fire hazards including storage of combustible and flammable materials.

Bylaw 8762 will repeal and replace Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8511 which was adopted under the previous legislative framework and requires updates to reflect these changes and to maintain alignment with provincial legislation.

ANALYSIS:

Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762 incorporates the following changes:

1. Compliance with *Fire Safety Act*

- Designation of Fire Inspectors and Investigators: Now mandatory under the *Fire Safety Act*; previously optional. The authority to designate Fire Inspectors and Investigators has been delegated from the provincial level to each municipality. (Section 4.2)
- Fire Inspectors and Investigators must comply with minimum training standards as defined by the British Columbia Office of the Fire Commissioner.
- Evacuation Provisions: Updated to include tactical and preventative evacuations as authorized by the Fire Chief. Previously evacuation orders came from the Fire Commissioner of British Columbia. (Section 4.10)
- Revised definitions (e.g., Fire Hazard, Fire Investigator, Fire Safety Inspection) to match the *Fire Safety Act*. (Schedule A)

2. Technical and Safety Enhancements

- Clarifying areas where combustible materials may not be stored including private parking stalls, bicycle storage rooms, and bicycle storage lockers. The previous wording was not clear on new types of storage areas. (Section 6.62).
- Re-numbering and general formatting improvements for clarity.

3. Cost Recovery and Enforcement

- Authority for the Fire Chief to charge owners for hazardous material responses, consistent with practices in other municipalities. Some examples are Abbotsford, Coquitlam, Port

Moody. This allows extra response capability if the North Vancouver City Fire Department hazardous materials unit is not available. (Section 7.11).

- The ability to charge for fire inspections and non-compliance with the *Fire Safety Act*. (Sections 7.3,7.4).
- Added fine for the building owner or owners' representative failure to attend to an alarm call within 45 minutes (Section 4.28(d)).

Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458 Amendment Bylaw 8776

To write bylaw notices for the fines contained in the proposed Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw, 8762, an amendment to the Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw is required.

Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004, Amendment Bylaw 8769

The Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004 requires an amendment to streamline yearly permit fee to sell, purchase, possess or discharge fireworks to be consistent with the annual fees and charges review process. This requires an amendment to replace the current \$2.00 permit fee with "fee as prescribed in the Fees and Charges Bylaw in Schedule A".

Concurrence

Staff from the Finance, Development Planning, Bylaw Services, and Legal departments have reviewed and concur with this report.

COMMUNICATION

A new Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw creates an opportunity to further communicate preventative fire safety within the community through social media and updates to the DNV website.

SOCIAL POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Understanding, communicating and managing risk is integrated with community values related to public safety.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Changes to this regulation will allow the fire services to better reduce and mitigate risk from fire in the community. Through an aligned service provision across the North Shore, we will collectively be providing this benefit to our greater community. Reducing the risk of fire has a positive impact on the environment.

CONCLUSION

The proposed bylaw ensures compliance with provincial legislation, modernizes the Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw and improves operational efficiency.

OPTIONS

- 1) THAT Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2026 is given FIRST, SECOND and THIRD readings;
AND THAT Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458, 2004 Amendment Bylaw 8776, 2025 (Amendment 84) is given FIRST, SECOND and THIRD readings;
AND THAT Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004, Amendment Bylaw 8769, 2025 (Amendment 6) is given FIRST, SECOND and THIRD readings.
- 2) THAT staff are directed to take other action

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Mike Danks". The signature is stylized with a large, looped initial "M" and a cursive "Danks".

Mike Danks

Attachments:

1. Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2026
2. Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458, 2004 Amendment Bylaw 8776, 2025 (Amendment 84)
3. Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004, Amendment Bylaw 8769, 2025 (Amendment 6)

REVIEWED WITH:					
☐ Community Planning	_____	☐ Clerk's Office	_____	External Agencies:	
☐ Development Planning	_____	☐ Communications	_____	☐ Library Board	_____
☐ Development Engineering	_____	☒ Finance	_____	☐ NS Health	_____
☐ Utilities	_____	☐ Fire Services	_____	☐ RCMP	_____
☐ Engineering Operations	_____	☐ ITS	_____	☐ NVRC	_____
☐ Parks	_____	☒ Solicitor	_____	☐ Museum & Arch.	_____
☐ Environment	_____	☐ GIS	_____	☐ Other:	_____
☐ Facilities	_____	☐ Real Estate	_____		
☐ Human Resources	_____	☒ Bylaw Services	_____		
☐ Review and Compliance	_____	☐ Planning	_____		
☐ Climate Action	_____				

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The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver

Bylaw 8762

A bylaw to regulate the prevention and suppression of fire and the protection of life and property in the District of North Vancouver.

The Council for The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver enacts as follows:

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INTRODUCTION

Citation

- 1.1 This bylaw may be cited as “Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2026”.

Minimum Competency Training Level

- 1.2 The *District* of North Vancouver Fire and Rescue Service is a Full Service Operation according to the British Columbia Structure Firefighters Minimum Training Standards, prepared by the Officer of the Fire Commissioner of British Columbia, pursuant to paragraph 4(1)(d) of the *Fire Safety Act*.

INTERPRETATION AND APPLICATION

Words and Phrases

- 2.1 Unless specifically defined herein, words and phrases used in this bylaw shall be construed in accordance with the meanings assigned to them by the *Fire Safety Act*, the *Building Code*, the *Fire Code* or the *Community Charter*, all as may be amended or replaced, as the context and circumstances require.

Definitions

- 2.2 The definitions of terms used in this bylaw are contained in Schedule A of this bylaw and form part of this bylaw.

Conflict

- 2.3 In the event of a conflict, discrepancy, variation or inconsistency between any provision of this bylaw and the *Fire Safety Act*, the *Fire Code* or the *Building Code*, the provisions of the *Fire Safety Act*, the *Fire Code* or the *Building Code*, as the case may be, shall prevail over the provisions of this bylaw to the extent of any conflict, discrepancy, variation or inconsistency.

Application

- 2.4 The provisions of this bylaw apply to all *Buildings*, structures, *Premises* and conditions within the *District* and, for certainty, apply to both existing *Buildings* and *Buildings* under construction.

Duty of Care

- 2.5 This bylaw does not create any duty of care whatsoever on the *District* or its elected officials, officers, employees or agents in respect of enforcement or failure to enforce this bylaw. Neither the failure to administer or enforce, nor the incomplete or inadequate administration or enforcement of this bylaw or inspections made by the *Fire Chief* or *Fire Inspector* gives rise to a cause of action in favour of any person.

FIRE DEPARTMENT OPERATIONS

Fire Chief

- 3.1 The *Fire Chief* is appointed by the *Municipal Council*.
- 3.2 Any references to the *Fire Chief* in this bylaw shall include a reference to any person duly authorized by the *Fire Chief* to exercise any of the *Fire Chief's* powers or to carry out any of the *Fire Chief's* duties under this bylaw.

Authority of *Fire Chief*

3.3 The *Fire Chief* is authorized to:

- (a) Manage, control, supervise and enforce the activities of the *Fire Department* and its *Members*;
- (b) Appoint or authorize *Members* to exercise any of the *Fire Chief's* powers on such terms and conditions as the *Fire Chief* considers appropriate and revoke any such appointment or authorization;
- (c) Carry out all other actions the *Fire Chief* is authorized to perform pursuant to this bylaw, the *Fire Code*, the *Fire Safety Act* and any statute or regulation; and
- (d) Make such *Orders* as the *Fire Chief* deems necessary with respect to any of the matters referred to in this bylaw.

3.4 The *Fire Chief*, *Fire Inspectors*, *Fire Investigators* and every *Member* authorized by the *Fire Chief* is authorized to take all measures considered necessary to:

- (a) Prevent, suppress, control and extinguish fires;
- (b) Provide *Incident Response*;
- (c) Provide *Fire Safety Inspection* and *Fire Investigation* services;
- (d) Provide *Fire Code* review for *Buildings*;
- (e) Protect life and property; and
- (f) Have the care, custody and control of all *Fire Department* apparatus, equipment and buildings.

3.5 No apparatus of the *Fire Department* shall be used beyond the jurisdictional boundaries of the *District* without the permission of the *Fire Chief*.

Conduct of Persons

3.6 A person must not:

- (a) Impede in any way any *Member* in the execution of their duties, including but not limited to:
 - (i) providing an *Incident Response*;
 - (ii) investigating a fire scene;
 - (iii) investigating a *Building* to determine the cause of activation of a *Fire Alarm System*, sprinkler system or other fire or *Life Safety System*;
 - (iv) investigating a complaint of a *Fire Hazard*; or

- (v) conducting a *Fire Safety Inspection* as required by the *Fire Safety Act* or this bylaw;
 - (b) Enter an incident area without the permission of the *Fire Chief* except for those duly authorized by the *Fire Chief* or any *Member* in charge at an incident;
 - (c) Drive a vehicle over any fire hose; or
 - (d) Falsely represent themselves as a *Member* or wear or display the *Fire Department* badge, cap, button, insignia or other paraphernalia for the purpose of such false representation.
- 3.7 The *Fire Chief* or any *Member* designated by the *Fire Chief* to be in charge at an incident may order any person at or near an *Incident Response* to render reasonable assistance to mitigate an incident.

Vacant and Fire-Damaged Buildings

- 3.8 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a vacant or fire-damaged *Building* must promptly take all steps necessary to secure the *Building* against the entry of unauthorized persons, including, but not limited to, guarding the *Building* and securing all openings to the *Building* and surrounding the *Building*, if so ordered by the *Fire Chief*, to the satisfaction of the *Fire Chief*. In such events, the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* or *Occupier* of the property must pay the cost to secure the *Building* and land surrounding the *Building*.
- 3.9 The *Fire Chief* or any *Member* has the authority, at all times, by day or night, to provide a post-incident watch for a period of time deemed necessary to secure the vacant or fire-damaged *Building* and any necessary surrounding land against further incident, or to engage the services of a security company or security person to maintain a *Fire Watch* for the *Building* and surrounding land, to perform site security or to secure a vacant or fire-damaged *Building* and any necessary surrounding land at the expense of the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* or *Occupier* and any such measures taken are considered services provided in relation to lands or improvements.

Demolition

- 3.10 The *Fire Chief* and any *Member* authorized by the *Fire Chief* may order the damage, destruction or demolition of any *Building*, part of a *Building*, structure, equipment or other private property as may be necessary to extinguish, suppress or prevent the spread of fire or prevent the potential collapse of a *Building* resulting from an *Incident Response*.
- 3.11 None of the *District*, the *Fire Department* or any of their elected or appointed officials, officers, employees or *Members* is obligated to restore or pay compensation for property damaged, destroyed or demolished pursuant to section 3.10.
- 3.12 If the *Fire Chief* or a *Member* arranges for damage, destruction or demolition pursuant to section 3.10, the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of the property subject to such services must pay to the *District* the hourly rate of equipment and staffing costs of each *Member* for the actual time the *Member* and equipment attended at the site, plus any other expenses incurred by the *Fire Department* in relation to the *Incident Response* as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Commandeer Privately Owned Equipment

- 3.13 The *Fire Chief* or any *Member* in charge at an *Incident Response* has the authority to commandeer privately owned equipment which the *Fire Chief* or *Member* considers necessary to deal with the *Incident Response* and the *Owner* of such equipment will be compensated in accordance with standard industry rates.

Safe Handling of *Dangerous Goods*

- 3.14 Every *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent*, carrier, agency, organization or other person having responsibility for the transport, storage or use of *Dangerous Goods* is responsible, at their own cost, for the clean-up and safe disposal of all such *Dangerous Goods* arising from any incident and where the person fails to clean up and/or dispose of such *Dangerous Goods* adequately (as determined by the *Fire Chief*), such person must pay the actual costs and expenses incurred by the *Fire Department* or its contractors in mitigating the incident involving *Dangerous Goods* and pay the actual costs and expenses incurred to clean up and safely dispose of the *Dangerous Goods* as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Tampering with Fire Protection Equipment

- 3.15 A person must not:
- (a) Tamper with, alter or damage in any way any *Fire Protection Equipment* of any kind except as may be required for maintenance and service; or
 - (b) Reset or silence a *Fire Alarm System* until authorized by the *Fire Chief*.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Regular System of Inspections

- 4.1 The *Fire Chief* is authorized and required to implement a risk-based compliance monitoring system for public buildings consisting of *Fire Safety Inspections* and fire safety assessments as required by the *Fire Safety Act* to ensure that owners of public *Buildings* comply with the *Fire Safety Act* and its regulations.

Fire Inspectors and Fire Investigators

- 4.2 The *Fire Chief* must:
- (a) Designate, in writing, persons or classes of persons as *Fire Inspectors* to conduct *Fire Safety Inspections* provided that any such designated individual meets the applicable standards established by the *Fire Commissioner* in accordance with the *Fire Safety Act*; and
 - (b) Designate, in writing, persons or classes of persons as *Fire Investigators* to conduct *Fire Investigations* provided that any such designated individual meets the applicable standards established by the *Fire Commissioner* in accordance with the *Fire Safety Act*.
- 4.3 *Fire Inspectors* are authorized to enforce rules, regulations and policies for the administration and operation of the *Fire Department* as directed by the *Fire Chief*.

4.4 The *Fire Chief* and *Fire Inspectors* are authorized to:

- (a) Enter on property and inspect *Premises* for conditions that may cause a fire, increase the danger of a fire or increase the danger to persons or property from a fire;
- (b) Take measures to prevent and suppress fires, including demolition of *Buildings* or other structures and removal or cutting of natural or planted vegetation to prevent the spreading of fires;
- (c) Order an *Owner(s)*, *Owner's Authorized Agent* or *Occupier* to undertake any actions to remove or reduce anything or condition that is a *Fire Hazard* or increases the danger of fire;
- (d) Provide *Incident Response*;
- (e) Exercise any of the powers conferred to a *Fire Chief* or *Fire Inspector* under the *Fire Safety Act*;
- (f) Create and enforce rules, orders, regulations and policies respecting fire prevention and suppression and the protection of life, property and the environment;
- (g) Inquire into, investigate and record the causes of fires in the *District*;
- (h) Collect and disseminate information in regard to fires in the *District*;
- (i) Investigate and hold inquiries into fires in the *District*;
- (j) Study methods of fire prevention; and/or
- (k) Provide advice and make recommendations to *Council*, other officers and employees of the *District* and the public in relation to:
 - (i) the installation or maintenance of *Fire Protection Equipment*; and
 - (ii) fire prevention generally.

Emergency Fire Protection System Inspection, Testing and Maintenance

4.5 Every *Occupier*, *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must undertake required actions to correct violations within the time specified in a report, notice or *Order*.

4.6 The *District* may undertake required actions to correct violations, but is not obligated to carry out such work. The *Fire Chief* has the authority, at all times, by day or night to hire or engage the services of a fire protection service company to repair, inspect or maintain *Fire Protection Equipment* that may require repair, inspection or maintenance and the costs are to be paid by the *Occupier*, *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent*. Any such measures taken are considered services provided in relation to lands or improvements.

- 4.7 Every person who is required under any provision of the *Fire Code* to perform or cause to be performed any inspection or test of *Fire Protection Equipment*, whether annually or otherwise, must ensure that:
- (a) The inspection or test is performed by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician* and in accordance with the *Fire Code*; and
 - (b) The inspection or test is recorded or the *Fire Protection Equipment* tagged or labelled in accordance with the *Fire Code* and any regulations or bylaws under the *Professional Governance Act*, SBC 2018, c. 47, as amended or replaced, and acceptable to the *Authority Having Jurisdiction*.
- 4.8 All *Fire Protection Equipment* in *Buildings* with two or more strata corporations must be serviced by a common *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.

False Information

- 4.9 A person must not withhold or falsify any information required by any *Member*, nor refuse to assist a *Member* in their responsibilities under this bylaw.

Evacuations

- 4.10 Upon activation of a fire alarm, the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* and all *Occupiers* must exit the *Building*, if possible, or remain inside the suite, unit, *Building* or *Area of Refuge* as directed in the *Fire Safety Plan* for the *Building* or comply with the orders or directions of the *Fire Chief* or *Member*, until the *Fire Chief* or officer in charge authorizes re-entry into the *Building* or premise and/or the re-setting of the *Fire Protection Equipment* and/or the all clear is given.
- 4.11 If a *Fire Chief*, or a person authorized by a *Fire Chief*, believes that there is an immediate threat to life due to a *Fire Hazard* or explosion, the *Fire Chief* or person authorized by the *Fire Chief* may evacuate a geographic area or *Premises*. Persons evacuated under this section must not return to the geographic area or *Premises* until notified by the *Fire Chief* or person authorized by the *Fire Chief* that it is safe to do so.
- 4.12 *Council* or the *Fire Commissioner* may evacuate *Premises* if either believes that conditions exist on or in the *Premises* that a fire on or in the *Premises* would endanger life and the owner of the *Premises* has failed to comply with an order issued under section 11 of the *Fire Safety Act*.
- 4.13 *Council* or the *Fire Commissioner* may secure evacuated *Premises* if the *Owner* fails to secure the *Premises* to prevent unauthorised entry. If *Council* secures evacuated *Premises*, the *Council* may recover the costs in accordance with section 16 of the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Watch

- 4.14 A *Fire Watch* is required:
- (a) When any *Life Safety System* is taken out of service, requires servicing, has been silenced or shut down, or as otherwise directed by a *Member*, and
 - (b) When doing *Hot Works* or as required in a special *Permit* or *Fire Safety Plan*.

- 4.15 When a *Fire Watch* has been initiated, the person assigned to perform the *Fire Watch* must have the means and ability to comply with all of the following:
- (a) Communicate effectively with *Building* occupants and emergency personnel;
 - (b) Notify the *Fire Department* in the event of a fire emergency;
 - (c) Notify the *Building Occupiers* in the event of a fire emergency;
 - (d) Ensure that all public areas on all floors of the *Building* are patrolled at least once every 45 minutes;
 - (e) Maintain a logbook on the *Premises* to be immediately available for inspection by the *Fire Chief*;
 - (f) Relay any special orders or pertinent information to any person relieving the *Owner* of the *Fire Watch* duty;
 - (g) Remain on duty until relieved by another *Assigned Fire Watch Person* that complies with this section;
 - (h) Have an easily visible means of identification, such as an armband or nametag; and
 - (i) Must not have other assigned duties that negate their ability to perform the *Fire Watch* as detailed in this section 4.15.

The *Fire Watch* must be maintained until *Fire Department* personnel have been notified that the *Life Safety Systems* are back in service.

Review of Building Construction Plans

- 4.16 The *Fire Chief* or any *Member* is authorized to review plans and inspect the construction of all new *Buildings* and structures, other than single family dwellings, in order to establish that the fire protection facilities and equipment in the *Building* comply with the *Fire Code* and all other applicable fire-related regulations, codes and standards. The *Fire Chief* may charge a fee for such review as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Alternate Solutions to Prescribed Code

- 4.17 A design solution from a *Registered Professional* for an *Alternate Solution* that is approved by the *District's* Building Department is subject to the following requirements:
- (a) *Alternate Solutions* must be functionally demonstrated before *Occupancy* of a *Building* is authorized by the *Fire Chief*;
 - (b) *Alternate Solutions* must be serviced and maintained in accordance with applicable codes and standards as represented by the system components in the Inspection of Premises and Fire Protection Equipment section of this bylaw and must be operational at all times;
 - (c) A copy of the *Alternate Solution* and the service and maintenance requirements must be included in the *Fire Safety Plan*;

- (d) *Alternate Solutions* that include interconnected components of property and/or multiple property strata(s) must be serviced by a common fire protection service company in order to maintain the operational function of the *Alternate Solution*; and
- (e) A functional demonstration of an *Alternate Solution* may be requested by the *Fire Department* at any time in which case the *Owner* of the property must pay the applicable fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* for the attendance and review by the *Fire Department*.

Technical Assistance

- 4.18 If, in the opinion of the *Fire Chief*, a design proposal for a *Building* requires an independent review, the *Fire Chief* is authorized, at the *Owner's* expense, to retain the services of a *Registered Professional* with expertise in the proposed design to review the design proposal and provide an evaluation, including making recommendations for changes to the proposed design, operation, process, or new technology. The cost for the *Registered Professional* must be paid by the *Building Owner* upon receipt of an invoice from the *District*.

Code Analysis

- 4.19 The *Fire Chief* may require an *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a *Building* to provide, at the *Owner's* expense, confirmation from a *Registered Professional* that the *Building* or use within the *Building* is adequately protected against *Fire Hazards* in conformance with the *Building Code*, the *Fire Code* and any associated regulations.
- 4.20 If required by the *Fire Chief*, the *Owner's Registered Professional* must provide an evaluation of the *Building* or use and, where applicable, recommended upgrades to the *Building* or *Life Safety Systems*.

Construction Fire Safety Planning

- 4.21 An *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must at the time of *Building Permit* application submit a *Construction Fire Safety Plan* for review and acceptance in a form and diagram template acceptable to the *Fire Chief* together with the *Construction Fire Safety Plan* review fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.
- 4.22 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must ensure that *Construction Fire Safety Plan* is kept up to date, including but not limited to:
- (a) The emergency contact information; and
 - (b) The changing hazards or risks at the construction site and mitigation strategies.
- 4.23 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must:
- (a) Submit updates to the *Construction Fire Safety Plan* to the *Fire Department* for review and acceptance together with the applicable fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*; and
 - (b) Ensure that the *Construction Fire Safety Plan* includes a *Fire Code* Exposure Report per *Fire Code*, prepared by a *Registered Professional* in accordance with

the *Fire Code*, to identify risks to adjacent properties and the mitigation methods that will be used on the construction site.

Fire Safety Plan/Emergency Planning

4.24 The Owner(s) or Owner's Authorized Agent of any of the following must provide fire emergency planning and procedures conforming to section 2.8. of the *Fire Code*:

- (a) *Buildings* containing assembly or care and detention occupancy as per the *Building Code*;
- (b) *Buildings* required to have a *Fire Alarm System*;
- (c) Demolition and construction sites;
- (d) Indoor and outdoor storage areas;
- (e) Properties where *Flammable and Combustible Liquids* are stored or handled; and
- (f) Properties where *Hazardous Materials* are stored or processed.

4.25 The Owner(s) or Owner's Authorized Agent must:

- (a) Where required to have a *Fire Safety Plan* per the *Fire Code*, submit the plan for review and acceptance in a form and diagram template acceptable to the *Fire Chief* together with the *Fire Safety Plan* review fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*;
- (b) Review the approved *Fire Safety Plans* at least every twelve (12) months to ensure that the emergency contact information is up to date;
- (c) Forward any changes in the use, design or *Life Safety Systems* to the *Fire Department* for review and acceptance together with the *Fire Safety Plan* review fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*; and
- (d) Ensure that every *Fire Safety Plan* is placed in a locked cabinet located at the *Fire Department Response Point* or other location acceptable to the *Fire Chief*.

Pre-Incident Fire Plans

4.26 The Owner(s) or Owner's Authorized Agent of any *Building* required by the *Fire Code* to have a *Fire Safety Plan* must, on the request of the *Fire Chief*, provide *Building* pre-plan information, including floor plans and diagrams showing the type and location of any *Building* service, *Fire Protection Equipment*, *Fire Department connection*, fire hydrant, *Fire Department Access Route* and *Hazardous Materials* storage or processing, in a form prescribed by the *Fire Chief*, and must pay the review fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Occupancy Contact Requirements

4.27 The Owner(s) or Owner's Authorized Agent of a *Building* that has a *Fire Alarm System* or an automatic fire sprinkler system, monitored or non-monitored, must:

- (a) Provide a twenty-four hour emergency contact name and phone numbers for persons able to respond to a phone call and attend the *Premises* immediately; and
- (b) Provide additional *Building* contact names and phone numbers.

4.28 The contact persons required under section 4.27 must:

- (a) Have full access to the entire *Building* for which they have responsibility;
- (b) Be available to attend, enter and secure the *Premises* at all times of day and night to respond to an *Incident Response*;
- (c) Be able to take responsibility for the *Building* from the *Member* on completion of an *Incident Response*;
- (d) Attend all alarms at the *Building* within forty-five (45) minutes of being requested by the *Fire Department*; and
- (e) Secure the *Premises* within a reasonable time or when directed to do so by the *Fire Chief*.

REGULATION OF FIRE HAZARDS

Fire Hazards

5.1 The *Fire Chief* or any *Fire Inspector* may, at all reasonable hours enter any *Premises* to inspect them and ascertain whether:

- (a) A *Fire Hazard* exists on the *Premises*;
- (b) The *Premises* are in such a state of disrepair that a fire starting in them might spread rapidly to endanger life or other property;
- (c) The *Premises* are so used or occupied that fire would endanger life or property; or
- (d) *Combustible* or explosive material is kept or other flammable conditions exist on the *Premises* so as to endanger life or property.

5.2 A person must not cause a *Fire Hazard*.

Disposal of Material

5.3 A person must not:

- (a) Dispose of any liquid, flammable substance or hazardous substance in any manner that could cause a *Fire Hazard* ;
- (b) Dispose of any explosive, *Flammable and Combustible Liquid, Hazardous Material* or any liquid of a petro-chemical nature without written permission from the *Fire Chief*;

- (c) Dispose of any lighted or extinguished cigarette, cigar, match, smoking or vaporizing equipment or other burning substance except into a garbage container or other container designed for such disposal; or
- (d) Dispose of yard waste or trimmings, trees, branches or any other materials which could cause a *Fire Hazard*.

Garbage and Recycling Containers

5.4 Containers for the disposal, removal or storage of garbage, refuse, *Building* debris, paper, recyclable materials or *Combustible* material with any dimension greater than 1.5 metres must comply with the following requirements:

- (a) Be constructed of non-*Combustible* material;
- (b) Be equipped with a non-*Combustible* tight-fitting lid;
- (c) Have lids kept closed at all times, unless otherwise approved by the *Fire Chief*;
- (d) If the container is located outside of a *Building*, it must not be located within 5 metres of any *Combustible Building* or structure, unless stored within a non-*Combustible* structure or in a location approved by the *Fire Chief*; and
- (e) If the container is located outside of a *Building* and is a non-*Combustible* container with a self-closing lid and no hold-open devices, it must be located no closer than 1 metre from any *Combustible Building* or structure,

Combustible containers with dimensions greater than 1.5 metres are permitted to be stored in storage rooms specifically designed for the storage of garbage and recycling.

Combustible Waste Near Buildings

5.5 An *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must not allow *Combustible* waste materials or garbage to remain adjacent to such *Building* for longer than forty-eight (48) hours.

5.6 The *District* may facilitate or cause the removal of *Combustible* materials from, in or around *Buildings* and in such event, the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of the *Building* must pay the cost of such removal. Any such measures taken are considered services provided in relation to lands or improvements.

Explosion or Potential Explosion – Hazardous Substance

5.7 It is the duty of the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of any property, *Building*, *Premises*, motor vehicle, vessel or railway rolling stock, to immediately report the potential for or the occurrence of any *Explosion*, discharge, emission, escape or spill of a *Hazardous Materials* to the *Fire Chief*.

Open Air Fires

5.8 Restrictions:

- (a) Except as specifically permitted in this bylaw, a person must not light, ignite, start or cause to be lighted, ignited or started, a fire of any kind whatsoever in the open air, including airborne fire holding devices not under the control of the user (e.g. wish lanterns);
- (b) A person must not burn for land clearing and/or construction purposes;
- (c) All exterior solid fuel-fired appliances or devices are prohibited, including pizza ovens and outdoor fireplaces that were built without a municipal *Building Permit*;
- (d) Existing wood-fired pizza ovens and outdoor fireplaces that were constructed and inspected through a municipal *Building Permit* may be permitted to operate, but must be in compliance with the *Metro Vancouver Air Quality Bylaw*.

Exemptions:

- (e) The *Fire Chief* may issue a *Permit* for open air burning fires and charge a *Permit* fee as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*. Any person to whom such a *Permit* has been issued must comply with the *Metro Vancouver Air Quality Bylaw*, as amended or replaced;
- (f) The *Fire Chief* or designate may suspend an open air fire *Permit* if on the date specified, the wind and weather conditions, or other conditions such as fire danger rating, are not conducive to fire safety;
- (g) CSA/ULC approved briquette, natural gas, electric or propane appliances are permitted provided such appliance is operated in accordance with its listed use and manufacturer's instructions. In the absence of defined operating instructions, the operator must:
 - (i) maintain a minimum of 1-metre clearance from the nearest structure, property line, overhead tree or other combustible material;
 - (ii) keep the appliance under constant supervision when in use;
 - (iii) provide an adequate extinguishing agent, such as a fire extinguisher or garden hose; and
 - (iv) dispose of used briquettes in a non-combustible container;
- (h) Open air burning for the purposes of *Fire Department* approved training is permitted;
- (i) Smokers that are ULC rated and fueled by electricity, propane, or natural gas where wood/mesquite is supplemental, and the appliance is used in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, including clearance to *combustibles*, are permitted. Smoke generated from such device must be in compliance with *Metro Vancouver Air Quality Bylaw*.

Forest Fire Danger

5.9 For the purpose of preventing forest fires within the *District*, the *Fire Chief* may:

- (a) Order the temporary closure to public use of outdoor trails, camping areas and other facilities located in or near forested areas, whether on municipal land, Crown land or private land;
- (b) Order the notification of the public regarding a closure under this section, including without limitation, the erection of signs and the publication and broadcasting of notices;
- (c) Order that a person not light, ignite, start, or maintain, or allow or cause to be lighted, ignited, started or maintained, a campfire or other kind of fire outdoors or within a grill, barbecue or other outdoor fireplace or appliance which uses wood, charcoal, briquettes;
- (d) Order that any procedures, activity or work program of any business, contractor, facility or their operations adjacent to a forest or park be stopped or modified as directed by the *Fire Chief*;
- (e) Modify and rescind any order under this section;
- (f) Exempt in writing any person or group of persons from an order issued under this section where the *Fire Chief* considers that such an exemption is unlikely to result in a fire, increase the danger of a fire or increase the danger to persons or property from fire; and
- (g) Suspend, revoke or deny any *Permits*.

5.10 An order under section 5.9 does not prevent any person from travelling to and from or occupying their residence or using a *Highway*.

5.11 A person must not:

- (a) Tamper with or remove any sign or notice placed pursuant section 5.9; or
- (b) Violate any order issued pursuant to section 5.9.

Interface Construction Protocols

5.12 High-risk construction and demolition activity, as defined in the North Shore Interface Construction and Maintenance Protocol for High Risk Work During Periods of Extreme Fire Danger Ratings, will require a site-specific *Construction Fire Safety Plan* which must be available on site for review by the *Fire Chief* on request.

5.13 High-risk construction and demolition activity during high and extreme fire danger rated days, as established or declared by the Province, requires submission and acceptance of an interface construction mitigation checklist in the form required by the *Fire Department*.

5.14 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must:

- (a) Provide all mitigation measures that are required in the *Construction Fire Safety Plan* and/or the interface construction risk mitigation checklist, as applicable;
- (b) Where a site inspection is required to confirm that mitigation measures are in place during construction and/or demolition, pay the applicable fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*; and
- (c) Ensure that the mitigation measures required pursuant to section 5.14(a) are complied with and/or must comply with any order by the *Fire Chief* to cease and desist any or all activities on site.

Delegation of Authority – Fire Risk in Forest/Woodlands

5.15 Where the *Fire Chief* determines that there is a fire or a risk of fire in a forest or woodland, the *Fire Chief* has the authority to take the following measures to prevent or suppress the fire:

- (a) Order the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent*, *Occupier* or any other person who has contributed or may contribute to the risk of fire to cease any activity that may contribute to the risk of fire;
- (b) Order the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent*, *Occupier* or any other person who has contributed or may contribute to a risk of fire to take specified reasonable actions to prevent or suppress a fire, including, but not limited to, cutting, removing and demolishing any trees, vegetation, *Buildings* and other things;
- (c) Order that no person enter or be in all or a portion of the forest or woodland unless authorized by the *Fire Chief*;
- (d) Enter on private or public forest or woodland and take any reasonable action to prevent or suppress a fire, including, but not limited to, cutting, removing and demolishing any trees, vegetation, *Buildings* and other things.

Compliance with Orders

5.16 If the *Fire Chief* makes an *Order* under section 5.15, any person to whom the *Order* is directed must:

- (a) Cease the activity specified in the *Order*; and/or
- (b) Take the actions specified in the *Order*.

5.17 If the *Fire Chief* makes an *Order* under section 5.15, a person must not enter or be in the forest or woodland specified in the *Order* unless authorized by the *Fire Chief*.

Right to Enter

5.18 The *Fire Chief* may:

- (a) On reasonable notice, enter on property for the purpose of fire protection;
- (b) In the case of an emergency, as determined by the *Fire Chief* or any person authorized to act in the place of the *Fire Chief*, enter on property for the purpose of fire protection;
- (c) On reasonable notice, enter on property that is subject to a direction in or requirement of a bylaw to ascertain whether the direction or requirement is being met or the regulations under the bylaw are being observed.

INSPECTION OF PREMISES & FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT

Fire Department Access

6.1 An *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must in relation to all property they own or control:

- (a) Maintain and keep all streets, yards and roadways provided for *Fire Department Access Routes* on private property clear and ready for use by *Fire Department* vehicles at all times;
- (b) Post signs in all fire lanes prohibiting parking with the wording "FIRE LANE – NO PARKING";
- (c) Ensure that all fire lanes are designed to meet *Fire Department* response needs and to meet the operational restrictions of *Fire Department* vehicles and apparatus;
- (d) Maintain *Fire Department Access Routes* in compliance with all applicable codes and standards;
- (e) Ensure the address of the *Building* is visible from the street frontage at all times;
- (f) Provide directional signage for entrances not visible from the primary *Fire Department Response Point*;
- (g) Maintain and keep corridors used by the public and exits free of obstructions; and
- (h) Design, install, keep, maintain and use devices on all required exit doors in accordance with the *Building Code*.

Fire Department Lock Boxes

6.2 All *Premises*, not including single family dwellings, with a monitored or unmonitored fire alarm or an automatic fire sprinkler system, must install a *Fire Department Lock Box* conforming to the *Fire Department Lock Box* key and:

- (a) Maintenance and upgrades of the *Fire Department Lock Box* is the responsibility of the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent*.

- (b) The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* is responsible for ensuring that the *Building* access, service rooms, and common area keys that are provided in the *Fire Department Lock Box*, are kept current.
 - (c) Additional *Fire Department Lock Boxes* may be required to accommodate additional sets of access keys for high or complex *Buildings*.
- 6.3 For all new construction, the interior access stairs for providing access to all levels of each *Building* must be located within close proximity to the *Fire Department Response Point*, in a location acceptable to the *Fire Chief*.

Indoor and Outdoor Storage

6.4 An *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a *Building* must in relation to all property they own or control:

- (a) Ensure indoor and outdoor storage is in compliance with the *Fire Code*;
- (b) Not permit *Combustible* materials to accumulate or be stored in and around *Buildings* in quantities or locations that constitute a *Fire Hazard*;
- (c) Ensure that all storage is contained within rooms designed for storage and that such storage rooms are designed in compliance with the requirements of the *Building Code*;
- (d) Not permit *Combustible* materials to accumulate or be stored in a *Storage Garage* or *Underground Storage Garage* designed for the parking of motor vehicles;
- (e) Not permit limited non-*Combustible* materials such as bicycles and metal ladders to be stored in a *Storage Garage* unless, they can remain in place during a fire without affecting aisles and means of egress and so as not to interfere with firefighting activities which is to be determined at the discretion of the *Fire Chief*;
- (f) Ensure that no storage units, cabinets or shelving, whether *Combustible* or non-*Combustible*, are located within a *Storage Garage*;
- (g) Not permit storage in the common area of a *Storage Garage*; storage is only to be permitted in storage rooms designed for storage use; and
- (h) Not permit storage in portable storage containers or bike lockers in the common area of a *Storage Garage*.

Fire Separations

6.5 Where *Fire Separations* are damaged so as to affect their integrity, the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must, without delay, repair them in conformance with the *Fire Code* and *Building Code*.

Fire Doors

6.6 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of any *Building* must not block, wedge or keep open closures in *Fire Separations* or allow such action.

- 6.7 Every door used as a closure within a *Fire Separation* must have a permanent sign posted on the visible side of the door when the door is in the open position with the words "FIRE DOOR KEEP CLOSED".

Identification of Floors

- 6.8 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of every *Building* greater than 4 stories must ensure that the following requirements are complied with:

- (a) Display conspicuous signage of the floor level in all stairwells at each floor level. If numbers are used, the minimum height of those numbers is 100 mm. If wording is used, the dimensions and type must be not less than 50 mm by 100 mm on permanent plastic laminate or equivalent material;
- (b) Have stair numbering as follows:
 - (i) main exit stair from lobby to floor levels above is to be Stair #1;
 - (ii) other exit stair is to be Stair #2; and
 - (iii) no *Building* or complex may duplicate stair numbers, other than as stated in section 6.8(c);
- (c) For complex sites where there is more than one tower on a common podium and/or parkade, Stair #1 and Stair #2 should be duplicated in each tower. There must be no further duplication of Stair #1 and Stair #2;
- (d) Lettering must not be used for stair signage;
- (e) Stair number plan for complex sites is to be submitted to the *Fire Department* and the *Building Official* for review;
- (f) Stair numbers are to be clearly posted on both the inside of the stairwell and on the corridor side;
- (g) *Cross Over Floors* in a high building as defined by the *Building Code*, must be posted on the inside of the stairwell and identified on the fire alarm graphic annunciator; and
- (h) Stair numbers in a high building as defined by the *Building Code*, must be identified on the fire alarm graphic annunciator.

Portable Extinguishers

- 6.9 Portable fire extinguishers must be:

- (a) Selected and installed in conformance with the *Fire Code* and *NFPA 10*;
- (b) Located so as to be visible and readily accessible at all times; and
- (c) Inspected, tested and tagged annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.

Exit Signs

- 6.10 Illuminated exit signage must be installed in *Buildings* in accordance with the *Building Code*.

- 6.11 Illuminated exit signage with internal battery backup systems must be inspected, tested and maintained in conformance with the *Fire Code* and CAN/CSA C282-M, "Emergency Electrical Power Supply for Buildings".
- 6.12 Emergency power systems for illuminated exit signage must be inspected, tested and tagged annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.
- 6.13 Replacement of illuminated exit signage must be consistent to avoid combining current code green signs with previous code versions of red signs.
- 6.14 Records of monthly inspections of exit signage and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Emergency Power Systems and Emergency Lighting Systems

- 6.15 Emergency power systems and emergency lighting systems must be:
 - (a) Installed in *Buildings* in accordance with the *Building Code*;
 - (b) Inspected, tested and maintained in operable condition at all times in conformance with the *Fire Code* and CAN/CSA C282-M "Emergency Electrical Power Supply for Buildings"; and
 - (c) Inspected, tested and tagged annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.
- 6.16 Records of monthly inspections of emergency power systems and emergency lighting systems and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Exit Systems

- 6.17 There must be no storage in access to exits and exits, including elevators, stair shafts, hallways and *Fire Escapes*.
- 6.18 Exit systems must be inspected, tested and maintained in operational condition at all times.
- 6.19 For multi-family residential *Buildings* and commercial *Buildings* with any *Fire Escape* where the difference in floor or ground level is more than 2 m:
 - (a) All such *Fire Escapes*, including their guards, handrails and connection to the building, shall be inspected for structural integrity by a *Registered Professional* at intervals not greater than 5 years; and
 - (b) All *Fire Escapes*, including their guards, handrails, and connection to the building, shall be maintained so as to be structurally sound and operational at all times.
- 6.20 Records of monthly inspections and the last two consecutive records of inspection by a *Registered Professional* for *Fire Escapes* must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Smoke Control Systems and Fire Dampers

6.21 Smoke control systems and fire dampers must be:

- (a) installed in accordance with the *Building Code*;
 - (b) Inspected, tested and maintained in operable condition at all times in conformance with the *Fire Code* and CAN/ULC-S1001 "Integrated Systems Testing of Fire Protection and Life Safety Systems"; and
 - (c) Inspected, tested and maintained annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.
- 6.22 Records of monthly inspections of smoke control systems and fire dampers and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.
- 6.23 Inspection is required to confirm operation of smoke control systems and fire dampers, and the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* must pay the applicable fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Fire Alarm and Voice Communication Systems

6.24 *Fire Alarm Systems* and related systems must be:

- (a) Maintained in operable conditions at all times;
 - (b) Inspected and tested in conformance with the *Fire Code* and CAN/ULC-S536 "Inspection and Testing of Fire Alarm Systems"; and
 - (c) Inspected, tested and tagged annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.
- 6.25 Records of monthly inspections of *Fire Alarm Systems* and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Fire Alarm System Monitoring and Certificate Posting

- 6.26 The *Owner* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of any *Building* required by the *Building Code* or the *Construction Bylaw* to have a monitored *Fire Alarm System* installed as per ULC S561 must obtain a ULC Certificate or equivalent as approved by the *Fire Chief* and post it in a permanent manner in close proximity to the monitoring equipment or such other location acceptable to the *Fire Chief*.
- 6.27 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of any *Building* containing a ULC monitored *Fire Alarm System* must immediately notify the *Fire Chief* if the monitoring service has been cancelled or changed or the ULC Certificate has been removed.
- 6.28 Records of monthly inspections of *Fire Alarm Systems* and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Smoke Alarms

6.29 Smoke alarms must be:

- (a) Installed in accordance with the *Building Code* and the *Fire Code*; and
- (b) Maintained in operable condition at all times and in conformance with CAN/ULC-S552 Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Smoke Alarms.

6.30 Records of monthly inspections or smoke alarms and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Standpipe and Hose Systems

6.31 Standpipe and hose systems must be:

- (a) Installed in accordance with the *Building Code* and *NFPA 14* Installation of Standpipe and Hose Systems and be operable at all times;
- (b) Inspected, tested and maintained in conformance with the *Fire Code* and *NFPA 25* Inspections, Testing and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems;
- (c) Inspected, tested and tagged annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.

6.32 Records of monthly inspections of standpipe and hose systems and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

6.33 Unless otherwise approved by the *Fire Chief*, *Fire Department connections* must be located not less than 0.61m (24 inches) and not more than 0.91 m (36 inches) above the level of the adjacent grade or access level.

6.34 *Fire Department Connections* for standpipe and hose systems must:

- (a) Be clearly identified, clean, functional and with protective caps in place;
- (b) Have signage in place to clearly identify the area that the *Fire Department connection* serves and the maximum pumping pressure, if applicable; and
- (c) Be kept free and clear by at least one metre (three feet) from all shrubbery, trees, other vegetation, structures, *Buildings* and obstructions and be clearly visible at all times from the *Fire Department access route*.

Automatic Sprinkler Systems

6.35 Automatic sprinkler systems must be:

- (a) Installed in conformance with the *Building Code*, *Fire Code*, the *Construction Bylaw*;

- (b) Inspected, tested and maintained annually in conformance with the *Fire Code* and *NFPA 25* Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection System and in accordance with good engineering practice; and
 - (c) Inspected, tested and tagged annually by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician*.
- 6.36 *Fire Department Connections* for automatic sprinkler systems must be:
- (a) Clearly identified, clean, functional and with protective caps in place;
 - (b) Located not less than 0.61 m (24 inches) and not more than 0.91 m (36 inches) above the level of the adjacent grade or access level, Unless otherwise approved by the *Fire Chief*; and
 - (c) Kept free and clear by at least one metre (three feet) from all shrubbery, trees, other vegetation, structures, *buildings* and obstructions, and be clearly visible at all times from the *Fire Department Access Route*.
- 6.37 Signage must be in place to clearly identify the area the *Fire Department Connection* serves and the maximum pumping pressure if applicable.
- 6.38 Records of monthly inspections of automatic sprinkler systems and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Water Supply Systems for Fire Protection

- 6.39 Fire hydrants must be maintained in operable condition at all times.
- 6.40 The colour coding and location of all fire hydrants in the *District* will be subject to the approval of the *Fire Chief* and the *Municipal Engineer*.
- 6.41 No person, except a *Member*, may use or take water from any water supply system nor make any attachment thereto without first obtaining authorization from the *Fire Chief*.
- 6.42 Fire hydrants must be in clear view from the driving lane when approached from either direction.
- 6.43 There must be a clear and unobstructed radius of one metre (three feet) around fire hydrants.
- 6.44 Fire hydrants must be maintained so that the centre of the 0.1 m (4 inch) port is not less than 0.46 m (18 inches) and not more than 0.91 m (36 inches) above the level of the adjacent grade.
- 6.45 Fire pumps must be inspected, serviced and tested at full rated capacity by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician* at least once per year to ensure that they are capable of delivering the rated flow.
- 6.46 Records of monthly inspections of fire pumps and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

- 6.47 The *Owner* of any property being used for manufacturing or industrial uses must ensure that the property is equipped with sufficient fire hydrants and water supply with pressure and quantity that is adequate to meet the demands for fire protection purposes to the satisfaction of the *Fire Chief*.
- 6.48 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a property on which a private fire hydrant has been installed must:
- (a) Have the private fire hydrant flushed and drained and have all the threads of outlets and caps greased with waterproof grease not less than twice per calendar year;
 - (b) Before November 1 of each year, provide the *Fire Chief* with a written report of the inspection, servicing and testing performed on the private fire hydrant during the previous 12 months;
 - (c) Maintain the private fire hydrant so that the centre of the 0.1 m (4 inch) port is not less than 0.46 m (18 inches) and not more than 0.91 m (36 inches) above the level of the adjacent grade; and
 - (d) Keep the ground surface clear of shrubs, trees, structures, debris and any obstructions of any kind within a radius of one metre around the private fire hydrant.

Special Fire Suppression Systems

- 6.49 Where a *Special Fire Suppression System* has been installed, inspection, testing and maintenance must be provided in conformance with the *Fire Code* and/or applicable *NFPA* standard.
- 6.50 Records of monthly inspections for *Special Fire Suppression Systems* and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Commercial Cooking Equipment

- 6.51 Commercial cooking equipment, fire suppression, hood, vent and exhaust systems must be installed in accordance with the *Fire Code* and *NFPA 96 - "Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations."*
- 6.52 Commercial cooking equipment and fire suppression systems must be inspected, tested and maintained in conformance with the *Fire Code* by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician* at intervals not greater than 6 months or more often if required to remove grease and other *Combustible* residues.
- 6.53 Commercial kitchen hood, vent and exhaust systems must be inspected, tested, maintained, and cleaned by a *Certified Fire Protection Technician* at intervals not greater than 6 months or more often as ordered by the *Fire Chief* if required to remove grease and other *Combustible* residues.

- 6.54 Records of monthly inspections of commercial cooking equipment and fire suppression systems and the last two consecutive testing and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

In Building Emergency Responder Communication Enhancement Systems

- 6.55 Radio amplification systems must be installed, maintained and inspected in *Buildings* as per the Radio Amplification Bylaw 8514.

Carbon Monoxide/Gas Monitoring Systems

- 6.56 Carbon monoxide and gas monitoring systems must be inspected, tested and maintained in conformance with the *Fire Code* and the manufacturer's instructions.
- 6.57 Records of the last two consecutive testing for Carbon monoxide and gas monitoring systems and service reports must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.

Access to Storage Areas

- 6.58 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a property must maintain adequate access for firefighting purposes to all portions of a storage area in accordance with the *Fire Code*.

Enclosed Storage Garages

- 6.59 *Enclosed Storage Garages* in any multifamily residential development must be used for the parking of vehicles only (including bicycles, scooters, motorcycles and motorized watercraft).
- 6.60 *Private Storage Garages* are not permitted.
- 6.61 "NO STORAGE PERMITTED" signage must be installed in all *Enclosed Storage Garages*.
- 6.62 Private parking stalls, bike storage rooms and/or bike storage lockers must not be used to store *Combustible* materials.
- 6.63 The *Fire Safety Plan* for an *Enclosed Storage Garage* must require the *Owner* or Strata Corporation to inspect the *Enclosed Storage Garages* monthly and enforce for compliance with sections 6.59 through 6.65, inclusive.
- 6.64 *Enclosed Storage Garages* must be available for inspection by the *Fire Department* at any time without notice and must not have the access or visibility of the garage blocked at any time.
- 6.65 Replacement of the door at the entrance to an *Enclosed Storage Garage* with a solid door is not permitted.

Shipping Containers

- 6.66 All *Shipping Containers* used for storage of *Dangerous Goods*, including but not limited to any flammable or *Combustible* liquids or *Combustible* materials must have the following identification information:

- (a) UN (United Nations) Placards for all stored *Dangerous Goods* must be visible on the two container sides most visible to emergency responders;
 - (b) The name of the company/person responsible for the storage and an emergency telephone contact number must be marked on the shipping container in lettering visible from 10m; and
 - (c) The shipping container and contents must be identified in the *Fire Safety Plan* for the property.
- 6.67 Any *Shipping Containers* being used for any kind of storage must have the following safety features in place prior to any use for storage:
- (a) One ventilation opening must be added within 150 mm of the floor in the container door primarily used for opening;
 - (b) One ventilation opening must be added within 150 mm from the top of the container on the opposite end from the doors for cross ventilation;
 - (c) The high ventilation opening required in section 6.67(b) must not directly vent toward a structure and must be equipped with a wind vent device designed to generate a venturi effect during low wind speeds; and
 - (d) Where heavier than air flammable or *Combustible* liquids are stored in the shipping container, a ventilation opening at a low level as referenced in 6.67(a) must also be installed at the opposite end from the doors.
- 6.68 The ventilation openings in a *Shipping Containers* required in section 6.67 must be constructed in accordance with the following minimum requirements:
- (a) Containers 6m or less in length must have two 0.3 m x 0.3 m ventilation openings;
 - (b) Containers over 6m in length must have two 0.5 m x 0.5 m ventilation openings;
 - (c) Both ventilation openings must be covered by open grate wire mesh with greater than 50% free area; and
 - (d) Both ventilation openings must remain unobstructed by stored materials at all times and must be kept clean of internal and external debris.
- 6.69 Where 1A flammable liquids (as defined in the *Fire Code*) in quantities greater than 4 litres are stored in a *Shipping Containers*, the *Shipping Containers* must be modified to withstand an internal *Explosion* as per the *Fire Code*, *Building Code* and *NFPA 68*.
- 6.70 Compressed gasses must not be stored within *Shipping Containers*.
- 6.71 Alternate engineered solutions for ventilation and *Explosion* protection in a *Shipping Containers* may be submitted to the *Fire Chief* for consideration.

Construction and Demolition Sites

- 6.72 All construction and demolition sites must have a *Construction Fire Safety Plan* in accordance with section 4.21.
- 6.73 Prior to construction of any new water supply system or extension of an existing water supply system, the *Owner* of the property must submit plans for the water supply system, including the proposed fire hydrant locations and all components of the water supply system to the *Municipal Engineer* and the *Fire Chief* for review and acceptance.
- 6.74 Fire hydrants must not be decommissioned prior to review and acceptance by the *Municipal Engineer* and the *Fire Chief*.
- 6.75 All construction and demolition sites must immediately advise the *Municipal Engineer* and the *Fire Department* of all fire hydrant conditions affecting fire safety during the installation of the water supply to the site for mitigation measures, including, but not limited to, fire hydrants temporarily out of service, low water volumes and low water pressure.
- 6.76 Construction and demolition sites must maintain a *Fire Department access route* as required in the *Building Code* and *Fire Code*.
- 6.77 The *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of all construction and demolition sites must:
- (a) Comply with the site-specific *Construction Fire Safety Plan*;
 - (b) Comply with the site-specific BCFC 5.6.1.2 Protection of Adjacent Buildings Report; and
 - (c) Ensure that the water supply to the site for mitigation measures proposed in the *Construction Fire Safety Plan* and the BCFC 5.6.1.2. Protection of Adjacent Buildings Report is installed at the beginning of construction and is functionally operational before a hazard exists.

New Fire Hydrants

- 6.78 As part of the development of a property, the *Fire Chief* may require an *Owner* to provide additional fire hydrant(s) to be located and installed to address *Fire Department* operational requirements.
- 6.79 New fire hydrants must be installed so that the distribution density and fire flow requirements will meet the needs for each *Building*, structure or use that the new fire hydrant serves.
- 6.80 Fire hydrants must be installed in accordance with the following requirements:
- (a) Installed in accordance with the *District's* standard;
 - (b) In residential areas - located generally at street intersections and no more than 150m apart. In high density residential, commercial or industrial areas, - located a maximum of 75m apart or as otherwise approved by the *Municipal Engineer* and the *Fire Department*; and

- (c) Installed so that the centre of the 0.1 m (4 inch) port is not less than 0.46 m (18 inches) and not more than 0.91 m (36 inches) above the level of the adjacent grade.

Flammable and Combustible Liquids

6.81 *Flammable and Combustible Liquids* must be handled and stored in accordance with the *Fire Code*.

Hazardous Processes and Operations

6.82 Any processes or operations that involve a risk from *Explosion*, high flammability or related conditions that may create a hazard to life safety must only be carried out in compliance with the *Fire Code*.

Dangerous Goods

6.83 *Dangerous Goods* must be stored in accordance with the *Fire Code*.

Mobile Food Vendors

6.84 Every *Mobile Food Vendor* operation must:

- (a) Apply for and obtain an annual inspection by the *Fire Chief*;
- (b) Comply with the commercial cooking equipment requirements in this bylaw; and
- (c) Situate all cooking appliances on a stable non-*Combustible* base with clearance from *Combustibles*.

6.85 All *Mobile Food Vendor* tents and awnings must have flame resistance conforming with CAN/ULC S-109 and identified with a factory label. Flame retardant treatments to tents and awnings must be renewed as often as required to meet the match test of *NFPA 705*.

6.86 All *Mobile Food Vendors* must have fire extinguishers that meet the requirements in section 6.9 and comply with the following, where applicable:

- (a) At least one portable multi-purpose extinguisher (minimum 4.54 kg (10-pound) 4A-10B:C);
- (b) A portable Class K wet chemical extinguisher for all deep fryers; and
- (c) A 2A rated water-type extinguisher or a 6L wet chemical fire extinguisher listed for Class K Fires if using solid fuel cooking appliances.

Special Events

6.87 Any person organizing or hosting any *Special Event* must submit an application for an occupant load certificate together with a dimensioned site plan prepared by a *Registered Professional* must ensure that:

- (a) All cooking and *Mobile Food Vendor* operations comply with the commercial cooking equipment requirements in sections 6.51 through 6.54, inclusive;
- (b) Aisles with a minimum width of 3.0 metres are maintained between displays at all times;

- (c) The line of travel to an exit door by an aisle is not more than 45 metres;
 - (d) Lobbies, foyers or access to exit are not blocked;
 - (e) A special inspection is scheduled; and
 - (f) All prescribed fees for *Special Events* in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* have been paid.
- 6.88 Any person holding a *Special Event* that displays automobiles, motorcycles, scooters, or other fuel-operated vehicles in any public *Building* must ensure that the vehicles comply with the *Fire Code*, including, but not limited to:
- (a) The battery must be disconnected and the battery cable placed or tied in a position to prevent accidental battery contact;
 - (b) Fuel tanks must be equipped with a key-locking cap or other similar locking device; and
 - (c) The quantity of fuel in the fuel tank must not exceed the lesser of one quarter of the tank capacity or nineteen (19) litres (5 gallons).

Service Station Safety

6.89 The operator of a service station must ensure that:

- (a) Every employee who acts as an attendant successfully completes a training program in fire safety and protection designed for service station employees within 30 days of being hired;
- (b) All fire extinguishers comply with the requirements in this bylaw;
- (c) One fire extinguisher is mounted on each of the dispensing service islands with conspicuous signs that clearly identify the location of each fire extinguisher;
- (d) Emergency signage is provided in each attendant's booth and in the office of the service station, providing instructions for dealing with any emergency involving a fire or potential fire, including instructions on how to shut off all electrical power to the pumps, evacuate the area and notify the *Fire Department*.

Integrated Fire Protection and Life Safety Systems Testing

- 6.90 As per CAN/ULC-S1001, an *Integrated Testing Plan* must be submitted to the *Fire Department* for review as required by the *Building Code*.
- 6.91 The *Integrated Testing Coordinator* must ensure that system testing is coordinated with the *Fire Department* in advance of the occupancy of a *Building* being authorized by the *Fire Chief*.
- 6.92 The *Integrated Testing Coordinator* must coordinate with the *Fire Department* to conduct an *Integrated Test* one year after completion of the initial *Integrated Test*.

- 6.93 The *Integrated Testing Coordinator* must ensure that subsequent *Integrated Tests* are conducted at intervals not exceeding five years.
- 6.94 *Integrated Testing Reports* must be kept on site and available for examination by the *Fire Chief* on request.
- 6.95 As outlined in CAN/ULC-S1001, the *District* may request that any *Building* which has not undergone an initial *Integrated Test* provide an *Integrated Testing Plan*, conduct an *Integrated Test* and submit an *Integrated Testing Report*.
- 6.96 A functional demonstration of the *Integrated Test* may be required by the *Fire Department* and the *Owner* of the property must pay the applicable fee in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

COST RECOVERY AND FEES

Fees for Permits and Services

- 7.1 Every person who requests any *Permits*, inspections and services from the *Fire Department* listed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* must pay the applicable fee unless otherwise exempted under this bylaw.
- 7.2 Payment of a fee or charge under this bylaw or the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* does not relieve a person from an obligation to pay any fee or charge prescribed under another enactment.

Inspections, Special Inspections, Follow-up and Re-inspections

- 7.3 *Council* may charge the *Owner* of a public *Building* a fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* for conducting a *Fire Safety Inspection*.
- 7.4 The *Fire Commissioner* may impose an administrative penalty if a person has failed to comply with an order made under section 11 of the *Fire Safety Act* or has contravened section 10(6) or 26(5) of the *Fire Safety Act*.
- 7.5 Where a special inspection is required to determine compliance with the *Fire Code* and/or municipal bylaws, the applicant may be required to pay the fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.
- 7.6 Where a second and/or subsequent inspections are required to determine compliance with instructions noted on a *Fire Department* "Fire Inspection Violation Report", the applicant must pay the re-inspection fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Fire Investigations

- 7.7 Every *Owner* of property which requires a *Fire Investigation* and report pursuant to the *Fire Safety Act* must pay the minimum fee for *Fire Investigation* services as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* and, in addition, may have to pay other costs, including, but not limited to, overtime costs of fire investigators for an investigation lasting 4+ hours and/or requiring more than one fire investigator, tools/equipment/supplies that are lost, damaged or consumed as a result of *Fire Department* investigation or operations, and/or rentals of *Fire Department* equipment.

- 7.8 If, while completing an investigation pursuant to the *Fire Service Act*, the *Fire Chief* deems it necessary to obtain the services of a private investigation company, service contractor, industry specialist or consultant, site security or structure securing services and/or testing fees from an independent agency, the *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of the property shall pay all expenses incurred by the *District* in relation to such services. Any charges remaining unpaid on December 31 of that year will be added to and form part of the taxes payable on the property as taxes in arrears.

Comfort Letter Requests

- 7.9 Comfort letter requests may be fulfilled on payment of the fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*. Additional fees may be charged for any requested on-site inspection to complete a comfort letter.

Damaged or Contaminated Vehicles, Equipment, or Property

- 7.10 The *Fire Chief* may charge an *Owner* or *Occupier* of a premise for the costs of decontamination, replacement or repair of *Fire Department* vehicles or equipment as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* where such vehicles or equipment has been damaged or contaminated by a hazardous substance or *Dangerous Goods* and requires decontamination, repair or replacement as a result of an incident at that *Owner* or *Occupier's* property.
- 7.11 If services are required to clean up or properly dispose of hazardous material or dangerous good on or at a property, the *Fire Chief* may require an *Owner* or *Occupier* to pay the applicable fees for cleanup and disposal as specified in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Development Review Fees

- 7.12 When the *Fire Department* is involved in the process of *Building Permit* issuance or is required to perform an inspection or inspections in order to determine compliance with an issued *Building Permit*, the *Building Permit* holder must pay a fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*. Such fee must be paid at the time of *Building Permit* issuance and may be waived for *District*-led civic projects on *District*-owned land in whole or in part, at the discretion of the *Fire Chief*.

Occupant Load

- 7.13 An *Owner*, *Occupier*, or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a premise must ensure that the number of persons in a room does not exceed the maximum occupant load for that room for that use. Occupant loads are calculated as follows:
- (a) for all new construction - calculated in conformance with the *Building Code*; and/or
 - (b) for all existing construction - calculated in conformance with the *Fire Code*.
- 7.14 Occupant load signage must be posted as required by the *Fire Code*:
- (a) in a conspicuous location near the principal entrance to the room or floor area;
 - (b) in the form prescribed by the *Fire Commissioner*; and
 - (c) signed by the *Fire Chief*.

- 7.15 Every person who requires an occupant load certificate for the purpose of assembly in an existing *Building* or area within the *District* must apply in the form specified by the *Fire Chief* and must include with the application:
- (a) Drawings certified by an architect or other *Registered Professional*;
 - (b) Occupant load calculation form; and
 - (c) Any other documentation required by the *Fire Chief*.
- 7.16 Every person who receives an occupancy load certificate must pay to the *District* the fee set out in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Event Approval

- 7.17 If the approval of the *Fire Chief* is required by any Act, bylaw or procedure for an event to be permitted within the *District*, the *Fire Chief* will review the details of the event application and may:
- (a) Refuse approval if the *Fire Chief* determines that the event may be hazardous or create a nuisance;
 - (b) Provide approval without condition; or
 - (c) Provide approval subject to the conditions and restrictions that they deem necessary for safety and the prevention or the spread of fire.
- 7.18 If as a condition of event approval, the *Fire Chief* requires any number of *Members* to inspect or attend at an event site for any time before, during or after the event, for any reason, the person applying to the *District* for the event shall pay to the *District* the fees set out in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Filming Special Effects and Pyrotechnics

- 7.19 Fire protection is required for *Special Effects*, *Special Events* and any other event involving pyrotechnics. A *Permit* is required in the form prescribed by the *Fire Chief* and must include a site plan, a description of the event including time and date, the risks of the event, training of staff, and the proposed mitigation measures for the event. The *Fire Chief* will review for acceptance the level of fire protection required based on the location and event specific risks.
- 7.20 *Permit*, inspection, and fire protection fees for the event must be paid to the *District* as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Notification of Fire and Sprinkler Alarm Testing

- 7.21 Any *Owner* or *Occupier of Premises* where there is a monitored *Fire Alarm System* must notify their fire alarm monitoring company prior to any service, test, repair, maintenance, adjustment alteration or installation of the system which might activate a *False Alarm* which would normally result in an emergency response.

- 7.22 Where an *Owner* or *Occupier* of *Premises* fails to notify as required in section 7.21, such *Owner* or *Occupier* must pay the applicable fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

False Alarms and Nuisance Alarms

- 7.23 The *Owner* or *Occupier* of *Premises* must pay the applicable fee prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* on the occurrence of a second *False Alarm*, or *Nuisance Alarm*, and for each subsequent *False Alarm* or *Nuisance Alarm*, respecting the *Premises*.

PERMITS

Issuance of Permit

- 8.1 If a *Permit* is required under this bylaw, the *Fire Chief* will only issue such *Permit* if:
- (a) The proposed operation or occupancy conforms to this bylaw, the *Fire Code* and any other applicable bylaws or codes;
 - (b) Receptacles, vehicles, *Buildings* and storage places to be used for the activity have been reviewed and accepted by the *Fire Chief*;
 - (c) The proposed location for the activity is acceptable to the *Fire Chief* with respect to topography, proximity to other occupancies and adequacy of water supply for fire control; and
 - (d) The *Permit* fee as prescribed by the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*, if required, has been paid.

Conditions of Permit

- 8.2 A *Permit* issued by the *Fire Chief*:
- (a) Is not transferable and any change in use or *Occupancy* of a *Building* or *Premises* or change in operations to be conducted, requires a new *Permit*;
 - (b) Is revocable where there is a violation of:
 - (i) any condition under which the *Permit* was issued; or
 - (ii) any violation of this bylaw;
 - (c) must be posted in the *Premises* in a conspicuous place on the *Building* or structure to the satisfaction of the *Fire Chief*; and
 - (d) may be revoked at any time at the discretion of the *Fire Chief*.

Permit Form

- 8.3 Where in this bylaw a *Permit* is required for any activity, the application for a *Permit* must be in the form prescribed by the *Fire Chief* for such *Permit*.

ENFORCEMENT

Orders

- 9.1 If any provision of this bylaw has been contravened or has not been complied with, or has been complied with improperly or only in part, or conditions exist in or upon a *Building* or property to which the bylaw applied and which, in the opinion of the *Fire Chief*, constitute a *Fire Hazard* or otherwise constitute a hazard to life or property or both:
- (a) The *Fire Chief* may make an *Order* to ensure full and proper compliance with this bylaw and in particular, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, may make such recommendations to the *Owner* or *Occupier* of the *Building* or property as the *Fire Chief* deems necessary to correct the contravention or to ensure compliance with this bylaw or to remove the hazards referred to in the bylaw; and
 - (b) A person who is delivered an *Order*, whether by mail, sign, posting or personal delivery, must comply with it, either promptly or, if a time period for compliance is specified, within that time period. Any and all costs and expenses associated with compliance are the responsibility of the property *Owner* or other person to whom the *Order* is directed.
- 9.2 Where an *Order* issued by the *Fire Chief* is not complied with within the time specified, the *Fire Chief* may give such notice as the *Fire Chief* deems sufficient for entry onto the property or *Premises* and carrying out of any remedial work required to bring the property into a safe, compliant condition, including, without limitation:
- (a) Removal and safe disposal of any accumulation of *Combustible* material;
 - (b) Installation of a fire safety device; or
 - (c) Work to secure a vacant or fire-damaged *Building*.
- 9.3 In any circumstance where the *Fire Chief* has arranged for work to be carried out on, within, or for a property or *Building* to achieve compliance with an *Order*, the *Owner* of the property is liable to pay the *District* the total amount of all costs incurred by the *Fire Department* for the purpose.
- 9.4 If fees are charged for *Fire Safety Inspections* or reviews or charges payable in respect of other services to land or improvements that are undertaken under this bylaw, are not paid to the *District* by December 31st of the year in which they are due and payable, the amounts owing may be collected from the *Owner* in the same manner as for property taxes in arrears in accordance with Section 258(1) of the *Community Charter*.

Standard of Work

- 9.5 The *Fire Chief* may, where work being completed is not covered by this bylaw or applicable codes, in the interest of safety adopt the latest edition of the National Fire

Protection Association codes, standards, recommended practices and manuals by reference or equivalent.

Rejection of Work

- 9.6 The *Fire Chief* may, after the examination of any work, issue a written rejection which shall have the same force and effect as an *Order* issued under this bylaw.

Form of Order

- 9.7 An *Order* made under this bylaw will be in writing and may be directed to the *Owner*, *Occupier* or lessee of the *Building* or property in respect of which the *Order* is made.

Serving and Compliance With Order

- 9.8 An *Order* made under this bylaw will be served by delivering it or causing it to be delivered to the person to whom it is directed.
- 9.9 An *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* of a *Building* or *Premises* must, after receipt of a violation report, inspection report or *Order* issued by the *Fire Chief*, comply within the stated timelines.
- 9.10 Where an *Order* has been made pursuant to this bylaw, the *Owner* must pay applicable fees for inspection prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw* and if upon re-inspection, a *Member* determines that the *Order* has not been complied with, the *Owner* must pay the applicable fee for each additional inspection as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Cost Recovery

- 9.11 The *District* may recover the costs and expenses of providing services to lands or improvements and/or incident response as outlined in this bylaw, jointly and severally from any person, *Owner(s)* or *Owner's Authorized Agent* responsible for the *Building* or *Premises*.
- 9.12 Fees and charges payable in relation to services provided to or in relation to lands or improvements may be collected as property taxes as per section 258(1) of the *Community Charter*. If the *Owner* does not pay the cost of the service, on or before December 31st in the year in which the service was done the cost shall be added to and form part of the taxes payable on the parcel as taxes in arrears.

Compensation to District

- 9.13 Every person who, without necessary cause or required *Permit*, sets a fire to which the *Fire Department* responds, or in any manner makes or causes to be made a *False Alarm*, or causes a fire, damage to property or injury to persons that can be attributed to the use of fireworks contrary to the Fireworks Regulation Bylaw, or to the unauthorized cultivation, processing, manufacturing or storage of a controlled substance contrary to the *Controlled Drugs and Substances Act (Canada)*, SC 1996, c. 19, is deemed to have caused a nuisance in the community and, in addition to any fine or other penalty, as an extraordinary service fee is liable to compensate the *District* for the actual costs and expenses incurred by the *Fire Department* in responding to the fire, *False Alarm* or unauthorized activity. The amount of the extraordinary service fee will be calculated in accordance with the rates prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

- 9.14 Whether or not a *Permit* is in effect, any person who fails to comply with this bylaw must, upon direction of the *Fire Chief*, immediately and completely extinguish any fire that the person has started, maintained or otherwise is responsible for, and at their own cost, promptly take any and all remedial measures that the *Fire Chief* considers necessary or advisable in the interest of fire safety and protection of life or property as communicated to that person.
- 9.15 If a person fails to extinguish a fire as directed by the *Fire Chief* or *Fire Officer*, the *Fire Chief* or *Fire Officer* may direct or cause it to be extinguished and in that circumstance, the *Permit* holder or other person responsible is liable to pay the *District* the costs and expenses of extinguishment incurred by the *Fire Department* as prescribed in the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.
- 9.16 Every person who is not a resident or ratepayer of the *District* and who causes, directs, allows or suffers an incident attended by the *Fire Department* is liable to pay the *District* for all costs and expenses incurred by the *Fire Department* in response to the incident as well as any fees imposed under the *Fees and Charges Bylaw*.

Designation of the Bylaw

- 9.17 Pursuant to the *Local Government Bylaw Notice Enforcement Act*, SBC 2003, c. 60, this bylaw is designated as a bylaw that may be enforced by bylaw notice and the *Fire Chief*, *Fire Inspectors* and Bylaw Enforcement Officers are designated to enforce this bylaw pursuant to the Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw or as otherwise provided by this or any other bylaw of the *District*.

Obstruction

- 9.18 A person must not interfere with, delay, obstruct or impede any person lawfully authorized to enforce this bylaw in the performance of duties under this bylaw.

Default

- 9.19 Whenever a person is in default of doing any matter or thing required to be done under this bylaw, the *District*, through its employees or agents, may do what is required to be done, at the expense of the person in default and such costs will constitute a debt due and owing in accordance with section 17 of the *Community Charter*.

Offences and Penalties

- 9.20 (a) A person who:
- (i) contravenes a provision of this bylaw;
 - (ii) causes, consents to, allows or permits an act or thing to be done contrary to this bylaw;
 - (iii) neglects or refrains from doing anything required by a provision of this bylaw; or
 - (iv) fails to comply with any order, direction or notice given under this bylaw, commits an offence and is subject to the penalties imposed by this bylaw and the *Offence Act*.
- (b) Each instance that a contravention of a provision of this bylaw occurs and each day that a contravention occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offence.

- (c) A person found guilty of an offence under this bylaw is subject to a fine of not less than \$1,000.00 and not more than \$50,000.00 for every instance that an offence occurs or each day that it occurs or continues, plus the costs of prosecution.

Ticketing (Municipal Ticket Information)

9.21 Pursuant to sections 264(1)(c) and 265(1)(a) of the *Community Charter*, this bylaw is designated as a bylaw that may be enforced by means of a ticket in the form prescribed and *Fire Chief, Fire Inspectors and Bylaw Enforcement Officers* are designated to enforce this bylaw and the table below sets out the designated expressions for offences under this bylaw with the corresponding bylaw section number and fine amount:

Section number	Designated Expression (Short-Form Description)	Fine \$
3.6(a)	Impede <i>Member</i>	500
3.6(b)	Enter incident area	200
3.6(c)	Drive over fire hose	200
3.6(d)	Impersonate <i>Member</i>	500
3.8	Fail to secure vacant/damaged <i>Building</i>	500
3.15(a)	Tamper with <i>Fire Protection Equipment</i>	500
3.15(b)	Reset <i>Fire Alarm System</i> without authorization	200
4.5	Fail to comply with <i>Order</i>	200
4.7(a)	Fail to have inspection by <i>Certified Fire Protection Technician</i>	200
4.7(b)	Fail to have <i>Fire Protection Equipment</i> tagged	200
4.9	Falsify information	300
4.10	Fail to evacuate	200
4.14	Fail to have <i>Fire Watch</i>	200
4.15	Fail to comply with <i>Fire Watch</i> requirements	500
4.21	Fail to submit update to <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i>	200
4.25	Fail to submit <i>Fire Safety Plan</i>	200
4.27	Fail to have occupancy contact information	200
4.28(d)	Fail to attend within 45 minutes	200
5.2	Cause <i>Fire Hazard</i>	200
5.3(a)	Unsafe disposal of hazardous substance	500
5.3(b)	Unauthorized disposal of <i>Hazardous Materials</i>	500
5.3(c)	Unsafe disposal of smoking equipment	500
5.3(d)		500
5.4	Fail to comply with container requirements	200
5.5	<i>Combustible</i> waste near <i>Building</i>	200
5.7	Fail to report potential explosion/ <i>Hazardous Materials</i> spill	500
5.8(a)	Start open air fire	500
5.8(b)	Burn land for clearing	300
5.8(c)	Unpermitted cooking fire	200
5.8(d)	Smoke from outdoor cooking fire	200

5.8(e)	Smoke from open air burning	200
5.8(g)	Fail to comply with propane appliance requirements	200
5.8(i)	Smoke from smoker	200
5.11(a)	Tamper with fire ban sign	200
5.11(b)	Violate fire ban order	300
5.12	Unauthorized high-risk construction/demolition	200
5.13	Fail to obtain approval of <i>construction Fire Safety Plan</i> mitigation checklist	200
5.14	Fail to comply with <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i> mitigation checklist	200
5.16	Fail to comply with <i>Order</i>	300
5.17	Enter forest contrary to <i>Order</i>	200
6.1(a)	Fail to keep access routes clear	200
6.1(b)	Fail to post fire lane sign	200
6.1(d)	Fail to maintain access routes	200
6.1(e)	Fail to have address visible from street	100
6.1(f)	Fail to provide directional signage	100
6.1(g)	Fail to keep corridors free of obstructions	200
6.1(h)	Fail to have devices on exit doors per <i>Building Code</i>	200
6.2	Fail to maintain <i>Fire Department Lock Box</i>	200
6.4(a)	Storage contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	200
6.4(b)	Permit <i>Combustibles</i> around <i>Building</i>	200
6.4(c)	Fail to contain storage in room	200
6.4(c)	Storage room fails to comply with <i>Building Code</i>	200
6.4(d)	Store <i>combustible</i> materials in <i>Storage Garage</i> or <i>Underground Storage Garage</i>	200
6.4(e)	Storage impeding firefighting access	200
6.4(f)	Have storage unit in <i>Storage Garage</i>	200
6.4(g)	Storage in common area of <i>Storage Garage</i>	200
6.4(h)	Storage in portable storage container in common area of <i>Storage Garage</i>	200
6.5	Fail to maintain <i>Fire Separation</i>	200
6.6	Fail to keep <i>Fire Door</i> closed	200
6.7	Fail to have sign on <i>Fire Separation</i> door	200
6.8	Fail to comply with stair numbering requirements	200
6.9	Fail to comply with fire extinguisher requirements	200
6.10	Exit sign not in compliance with <i>Building Code</i>	200
6.11	Fail to maintain exit sign	200
6.12	Fail to maintain emergency power for exit sign	200
6.13	Exit sign not consistent with current <i>Fire Code</i>	200
6.14	Fail to keep records for exit sign	200
6.15	Emergency power system does not meet requirements	200
6.16	Fail to keep records for emergency power system	200

6.17	Storage in exit system area	200
6.18	Fail to inspect exit systems	200
6.20	Fail to keep records for exit system	200
6.21	Fail to comply with smoke control system requirements	500
6.22	Fail to keep records for smoke control system	200
6.23	Fail to obtain inspection of smoke control system	200
6.24	Fail to inspect or maintain <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200
6.25	Fail to keep records for <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200
6.26	Fail to obtain certificate for installation of monitored <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200
6.27	Fail to notify of cancellation of monitored <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200
6.28	Fail to keep records of monitored <i>fire alarm system</i>	200
6.29(a)	Fail to install smoke alarm	200
6.29(b)	Fail to maintain smoke alarm	200
6.30	Fail to keep records for smoke alarm	200
6.31	Fail to comply with standpipe requirements	200
6.32	Fail to keep records for standpipe and hose	200
6.34	Fail to comply with standpipe siting requirements	200
6.35	Fail to comply with automatic sprinkler system requirements	500
6.36	Fail to comply with automatic sprinkler system connection requirements	200
6.37	Fail to post sign for automatic sprinkler system connection	200
6.38	Fail to keep records for automatic sprinkler system	200
6.41	Take water without authorization	200
6.45	Fail to maintain fire pump	200
6.46	Fail to keep records for fire pump	200
6.48	Fail to comply with private fire hydrant requirements	300
6.49	Fail to maintain <i>Special Fire Suppression System</i>	200
6.50	Fail to keep records for <i>special fire suppression system</i>	200
6.51	Fail to install fire suppression system for commercial cooking equipment	200
6.52	Fail to maintain fire suppression system for commercial cooking equipment	200
6.53	Fail to maintain exhaust system for commercial cooking equipment	200
6.54	Fail to keep records of commercial cooking equipment	200
6.55	Fail to install radio amplification system	200
6.56	Fail to maintain carbon monoxide monitoring system	200
6.57	Fail to keep records for carbon monoxide monitoring system	200
6.58	Fail to maintain access to storage areas	200
6.59	Enclosed <i>Storage Garage</i> used for other than parking vehicles	200
6.60	Have <i>Private Storage Garage</i>	200
6.61	Fail to install no storage sign in <i>Enclosed Storage Garage</i>	200

6.62	Storage of <i>Combustible</i> materials	200
6.64	Access to <i>Enclosed Storage Garage</i> blocked	200
6.65	Solid door on <i>Enclosed Storage Garage</i>	200
6.66(a)	Fail to have required info. on <i>Shipping Container</i>	200
6.66(b)	Fail to have required contact info. on <i>Shipping Container</i>	200
6.66(c)	Fail to identify shipping container in <i>Fire Safety Plan</i>	200
6.67	Fail to install safety features in <i>Shipping Container</i>	200
6.68	Fail to install ventilation for <i>Shipping Container</i>	200
6.69	Fail to modify <i>Shipping Container</i> as required	200
6.70	Store compressed gas in shipping container	300
6.72	Fail to have <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i>	200
6.74	Decommission fire hydrant without authorization	200
6.75	Fail to notify of fire hydrant conditions	200
6.76	Fail to maintain access route	200
6.77(a)	Fail to comply with <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i>	200
6.77(b)	Fail to comply with Exposure Report	200
6.77(c)	Fail to install water supply	200
6.80	New fire hydrant fail to meet requirements	200
6.81	Handle <i>flammable and combustible liquids</i> contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	200
6.82	Hazardous process contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	300
6.83	Store <i>Dangerous goods</i> contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	300
6.84(a)	Fail to obtain <i>Mobile Food Vendor</i> inspection	200
6.84(b)	<i>Mobile Food Vendor</i> fail to comply with commercial cooking equipment requirements	200
6.84(c)	<i>Mobile food vendor</i> fail to safely situate cooking appliances	200
6.85	<i>Mobile food vendor</i> with non-flame retardant tent	200
6.86	<i>Mobile food vendor</i> fail to have required fire extinguishers	200
6.87(a)	Fail to comply with commercial cooking requirements for <i>Special Event</i>	200
6.87(b)	Fail to have required aisle width at <i>Special Event</i>	200
6.87(c)	Fail to have required line of travel at <i>Special Event</i>	200
6.87(d)	Access to exit blocked at <i>Special Event</i>	200
6.87(e)	Fail to obtain inspection for <i>Special Event</i>	200
6.88	Fail to comply with requirements for motor vehicle display	200
6.89(a)	Service station attendant not qualified	200
6.89(b)	Service station fire extinguishers do not meet requirements	200
6.89(c)	Service station fire extinguishers not mounted as required	200
6.89(d)	Fail to post service station emergency signage	200
6.90	Fail to submit <i>Integrated Testing Plan</i>	200
6.91	Fail to conduct <i>Integrated Test</i> before occupancy	200
6.92	Fail to conduct <i>Integrated Test</i> after one year	200

6.93	Fail to conduct <i>Integrated Test</i> every 5 years	200
6.94	Fail to keep records for <i>Integrated Test</i> on site	200
6.95	Fail to provide <i>Integrated Testing Plan</i>	200
6.96	Fail to give functional demonstration of <i>Integrated Test</i>	200
7.13	Exceed occupant load	300
7.14	Fail to post occupant load	200
7.19	Fail to provide fire protection for <i>Special Effects</i>	200
9.1(b)	Fail to comply with <i>Order</i>	300
9.15	Fail to extinguish fire	300
9.18	Obstruction	500

SEVERABILITY AND REPEAL

Severability

- 10.1 If any section, subsection or clause of this bylaw is for any reason held to be invalid by the decision of a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision will not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Bylaw.

Repeal

- 10.2 Bylaw 8511, (Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8511, 2021) is hereby repealed and all references in other *District* bylaws to Bylaw 8511 are hereby amended to refer to Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2026.

READ a first time

READ a second time

READ a third time

ADOPTED

Mayor

Corporate Officer

Schedule A to Bylaw 8511

Definitions

In this bylaw, unless the context otherwise requires:

Alternate Solution means a proposed alternate design solution for a *Building* that is produced by a *Registered Professional* to comply with the requirements of the *Building Code*, *Fire Code* or other statutory or regulatory requirements.

Area of Refuge means a space that facilitates a safe delay in egress, is sufficiently protected from fire conditions developing in the floor area, and provides direct access to an exit or firefighters elevator.

Authority Having Jurisdiction means the governmental agency having regulatory authority over a specific aspect of a project.

Building means any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or *Occupancy* as defined by the *Fire Code*.

Building Code means the current edition of the *British Columbia Building Code* as adopted by the Minister responsible under provincial legislation, as amended or replaced.

Building Official means the *District's* Chief Building Official and the building inspectors, plan checkers, plumbing inspectors, mechanical inspectors and electrical inspectors designated or appointed by the *District*.

Building Permit has the meaning prescribed in the *Construction Bylaw 8271, 2017*.

Bylaw Enforcement Officer means a Park Ranger, Royal Canadian Mounted Police officer, a *Member*, or any official or employee of the *District* whose designated duties include the enforcement of bylaws within the *District*;

Certified Fire Protection Technician means a person certified by ASTTBC (Applied Science Technologists and Technicians of British Columbia) to inspect and test *Fire Protection Equipment*, or an equivalent acceptable to the *Fire Chief*.

Combustible refers to the chemical reaction that is demonstrated when matter (substance, product) bursts into flame, through combustion or being exposed to fire. Combustion is a self-sustaining chemical reaction yielding energy or products that cause further reactions of the same kind.

Community Charter means the *Community Charter*, SBC 2003, c. 26, as amended or replaced.

Construction Bylaw means *Construction Bylaw 8271, 2017*, as amended or replaced;

Construction Fire Safety Plan means a plan meeting *Fire Department* Guidelines for construction fire safety submitted for acceptance in accordance with the *Fire Code* and *Building Code*.

Cross Over Floors has the meaning prescribed in the *Building Code*.

CSA/ULC means the Canadian Standards Association/Underwriters Laboratory of Canada.

Dangerous Goods means those products or substances which are regulated by the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act*, SC 1992, c. 34 and its Regulations, as amended or replaced.

District means the Corporation of the *District* of North Vancouver or the geographic area within the municipal boundaries of the *District*, as the context requires.

Enclosed Storage Garage means a structure built within a common area of a *Storage Garage* as defined in the *Building Code*, where the interior space can be fully viewed from the exterior through a gated or mesh overhead door.

Explosion means a rapid release of energy that may or may not be preceded or followed by a fire which produces a pressure wave or shock wave in air and is usually accompanied by a loud noise.

False Alarm means the activation of a *Fire Alarm System*, regardless of how caused, as a result of which *Fire Department* resources and services are provided and a *Member* does not find any evidence of fire, fire damage or smoke.

Fees and Charges Bylaw means the Fees and Charges Bylaw 6481.

Fire Alarm System means a device or devices installed on or in real property and designed to issue a warning of a fire by activating an audible alarm signal and/or alerting a monitoring service, but does not include local smoke alarms that are intended to alert only the occupants of a single family dwelling unit in which it is installed.

Fire Chief means the person appointed as the Chief of the *Fire Department* of the *District* or an authorized designate.

Fire Code means a fire code established by adopting the National Fire Code of Canada in accordance with section 48 (3) (b) of the *Fire Safety Act* [regulations of minister].

Fire Commissioner means the person appointed as the fire commissioner pursuant to the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Department means the department that provides municipal emergency and non-emergency fire and rescue services.

Fire Department Access Route means an approved route designed to *Building Code* and municipal standards that the Fire Department uses to respond to a building or occupancy.

Fire Department Connection means a Siamese connection through which the *Fire Department* pumps supplemental water into a sprinkler or standpipe system.

Fire Department Response Point means an identified primary response point on a property where the *Fire Department* would access and operate the site specific *fire protection equipment* and *life safety systems* during an incident response.

Fire Escape means an emergency exit, typically fastened to the outside of a building, intended for use by building occupants and firefighters during emergencies.

Fire Hazard means a condition that exists on or in *Premises* that endangers life or property due to fire, including a condition arising from the following:

- a) the state of repair of the *Premises*;
- b) the use or occupancy of the *Premises*;
- c) the keeping of *Combustible*, flammable, explosive or other *Hazardous Materials* or substances on or in the *Premises*.

Fire Inspector means an individual designated in writing as a fire inspector pursuant to this bylaw and Section 8 of the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Investigation means an investigation within the meaning of section 25 of the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Investigator means an individual designated by a local authority under section 23 of the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Investigation Report means a report prepared by a *Fire Investigator* in accordance with the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Officer means *Fire Department* personnel who have achieved the rank of Lieutenant or Captain.

Fire Protection Equipment means, but is not limited to, fire alarm systems, automatic sprinkler systems, special extinguisher systems, portable fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, water supplies for fire protection, standpipe and hose systems, fixed pipe fire suppression systems in commercial cooking exhaust systems, smoke control measures and emergency power installations.

Fire Safety Inspection means an inspection within the meaning of section 9 of the *Fire Safety Act*.

Fire Safety Plan means a documented plan outlining fire safety measures, procedures and equipment as required in accordance with the *Fire Code* and the *Building Code*.

Fire Separation has the meaning prescribed in the *Building Code*.

Fire Safety Act means the *Fire Safety Act*, SBC 2016, Chapter 19, as amended or replaced.

Fire Watch is a temporary measure intended to ensure continuous and systematic surveillance of a *Building* or portion thereof by an assigned fire watch person, for the purposes of identifying and controlling *Fire Hazards*, detecting early signs of fire, raising an alarm for fire and notifying occupiers and the *Fire Department*.

Flammable and Combustible Liquid means a liquid classified as flammable or combustible in the *Fire Code*.

Hazardous Materials means products, materials, or substances that are considered *Dangerous Goods*.

Highway includes a street, road, lane, bridge, viaduct and any other way open to public use, other than a private right of way on private property.

Hot Works means processes that involve open flames or that produce heat or sparks, including but not limited to cutting, welding, soldering, brazing, grinding, adhesive bonding, roofing operations, thermal spraying and thawing pipes.

Incident Response means aid provided in response to fires, *Explosions*, medical emergencies, earthquakes or other natural disasters, escape of *Dangerous Goods*, rail or marine incidents, motor vehicle or other accidents and other circumstances to which the *Fire Department* responds or attends.

Integrated Test means a test of the interconnections between fire protection and life safety systems as per CAN/ULC-S1001 "Integrated Systems Testing of Fire Protection and Life Safety Systems".

Integrated Testing Coordinator means a person, firm, corporation, or organization responsible for developing and implementing the *Integrated Testing Plan* and who are knowledgeable and experienced in the design, installation and operation of the *Fire Protection Equipment* included in the *Integrated Testing Plan*. The *Integrated Testing Coordinator* is to be certified by ULC as an Integrated Systems Testing Service Provider or equivalent acceptable to the *Fire Chief*.

Integrated Testing Plan means a written project-specific document, prepared by the *Integrated Testing Coordinator*, outlining the required tests and necessary functional results to conduct integrated fire protection and life safety system testing.

Integrated Testing Report means a written project-specific document, prepared by the integrated testing coordinator, documenting the implementation of the integrated testing plan.

Interface Construction Guidelines means the municipal permit process for reporting risks and mitigating measures related to construction work adjacent to or in parks and forest, which must be submitted by the *Owner* to the *Authority Having Jurisdiction* before the fire danger rating, as declared by the Province, for the area becomes high or extreme.

Life Safety Systems means components or combinations of equipment of *Fire Alarm Systems*, sprinkler systems, special suppression systems, means of egress, and other emergency equipment as regulated by the *Fire Code*, its regulations and this bylaw.

Lock Box means a locked metal enclosure designed to securely hold the keys to a Building, structure or complex where the Lock Box is to be located, as approved by the Fire Department.

Member means any employee of the *Fire Department*.

Metro Vancouver Air Quality Bylaw means the Metro Vancouver Air Quality Management Bylaw No. 1082, 2008 as amended or replaced.

Mobile Food Vendor means a person carrying on a business of preparing food and offering it for sale from a vehicle and includes, but is not limited to, vehicles, trailers and carts with cooking equipment that produce smoke or grease laden vapors in a confined compartment.

Municipal Council or Council means the elected council of the *District*.

Municipal Engineer means the General Manager – Engineering, Parks and Facilities or a person designated to act in his/her place.

NFPA means the National Fire Protection Association.

Nuisance Alarms means activation of a *Fire Alarm System* regardless of how it is caused necessitating a fire response where a fire or emergency does not exist.

Occupancy means the use or intended use of a *Building* or part thereof for the shelter or support of persons, animals or property as defined in *Fire Code*.

Occupier means a tenant, lessee, agent or any other person who has the right of access to and control of any *Building* or *Premises* and in relation to common property and common facilities in a strata plan, the strata corporation within the meaning of the *Strata Property Act*.

Order means an order, direction, remedial action, approval, decision, determination, or *Permit* made under this bylaw, the *Fire Safety Act* and/or the *Fire Code* by the *Fire Chief*, *Fire Inspector* or a *member*.

Owner has the meaning prescribed in the *Community Charter*, SBC 2003, c. 26, as amended or replaced.

Owner's Authorized Agent means the person or persons appointed by the *Owner* to make decisions in relation to the *Owner's* property in their absence.

Permit means a *Permit* issued by the *Fire Chief* or any *Member* pursuant to this bylaw.

Premises means any of the following: a private dwelling, a public building, the parcel of land on which a private dwelling or public building is located; a motor vehicle within the meaning of the *Motor Vehicle Act*, railway vehicle, aircraft, vessel or other means of transportation.

Private Storage Garage means a structure built within a common area of a *Storage Garage* as defined in the *Building Code* where the interior space cannot be fully viewed from the exterior due to the installation of solid doors and walls.

Registered Professional means a person who is registered or licensed to practice as an architect under the *Architects Act*, RSBC 1996, c. 17, as amended or replaced, a person who is registered or licensed to practice as a professional engineer under the *Professional Governance Act*, SBC 2018, c. 47, as amended or replaced, or other professionals as approved by the *Fire Chief*.

Shipping Container means a large standardized container designed and built for intermodal freight transport.

Special Effects means images and/or sounds used to represent real or imaginary spectacles in a television or movie production or other similar activity, including but not limited to an *Explosion* or fire.

Special Event means any exhibit, market, outdoor concert, fair display, trade show, vehicle display or outdoor event or other similar event.

Special Fire Suppression System includes low, medium and high expansion foam systems, foam-water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical and wet chemical systems.

Storage Garage as defined by the BC Building Code means a *Building* or part thereof intended primarily for the storage or parking of motor vehicles and containing no provision for the repair or servicing of such vehicles, but do not include entrances at which vehicles stop for a short time beneath an unenclosed canopy to pick up and drop off passengers. For certainty, *Storage Garages* may also contain space for parking or storing other vehicles, including, but not limited to bicycles and boats.

Test Operator means an individual or company with experience in testing radio communications signals and whose credentials are acceptable to the *Fire Chief*.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act means the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act*, SC 1992, c. 34, as amended or replaced

ULC Certificate is a certificate issued under the Certificate Service of Underwriters Laboratories of Canada.

Value of the Work has the meaning prescribed in the *Construction Bylaw*.

Water Supply System means the system for supplying water for fire protection purposes and includes, but is not limited to, fire hydrants, fire pumps, water towers and tanks, *Fire Department* connections and any other hose connections necessary for *Fire Department* operations.

The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver

Bylaw 8776

A bylaw to amend Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458, 2004

The Council for The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver enacts as follows:

Citation

1. This bylaw may be cited as “Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458, 2004 Amendment Bylaw 8776, 2025 (Amendment 84)”

Amendments

2. Bylaw Notice Enforcement Bylaw 7458, 2004 is amended as follows:
 - a) Deleting the section entitled “Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8511, 2021” and replacing with “Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2025” as follows:

Fire and Rescue Services Bylaw 8762, 2025						
Bylaw Section	Description	A1 Penalty Amount	A2 Discounted Penalty: Within 14 days	A3 Late Payment: After 28 days	A4 Compliance Agreement Available	A5 Compliance Agreement Discount
	The following fines apply to the contraventions below:	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)		(\$)
3.6(a)	Impede in any way any Member in execution of duties	500	375	750	NO	N/A
3.6(b)	Enter an incident area without permission	200	150	300	NO	N/A
3.6(c)	Drive over fire hose	200	150	300	NO	N/A
3.6(d)	Impersonate <i>Member</i>	500	375	750	NO	N/A
3.8	Fail to secure vacant/damaged <i>Building</i>	500	375	750	NO	N/A
3.15(a)	Tamper with <i>Fire Protection Equipment</i>	500	375	750	NO	N/A
3.15(b)	Reset <i>Fire Alarm System</i> without authorization	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.5	Fail to comply with <i>Order</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.7(a)	Fail to have inspection by <i>Certified Fire Protection Technician</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.7(b)	Fail to have <i>Fire Protection Equipment</i> tagged	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.9	Falsify information	300	225	450	NO	NA
4.10	Fail to evacuate	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.14	Fail to have <i>Fire Watch</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.15	Fail to comply with <i>Fire Watch</i> requirements	500	375	750	NO	N/A

4.21	Fail to submit update to <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.25	Fail to submit <i>Fire Safety Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.27	Fail to have occupancy contact information	200	150	300	NO	N/A
4.28(d)	Fail to attend within 45 minutes	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.2	Cause <i>Fire Hazard</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.3(a)	Unsafe disposal of hazardous substance	500	375	750	NO	N/A
5.3(b)	Unauthorized disposal of <i>Hazardous Materials</i>	500	375	750	NO	N/A
5.3(c)	Unsafe disposal of smoking equipment	500	375	750	NO	N/A
5.3(d)	Unsafe disposal of yard waste	500	375	750	NO	N/A
5.4	Fail to comply with container requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.5	<i>Combustible</i> waste near <i>Building</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.7	Fail to report potential explosion/ <i>Hazardous Materials</i> spill	500	375	750	NO	N/A
5.8(a)	Start open air fire	500	375	750	NO	N/A
5.8(b)	Burn land for clearing	300	225	450	NO	N/A
5.8(c)	Unpermitted cooking fire	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.8(d)	Smoke from outdoor cooking fire	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.8(e)	Smoke from open air burning	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.8(g)	Fail to comply with propane appliance requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.8(i)	Smoke from smoker	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.11(a)	Tamper with fire ban sign	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.11(b)	Violate fire ban <i>Order</i>	300	225	450	NO	N/A
5.12	Unauthorized high-risk construction/demolition	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.13	Fail to obtain approval of <i>construction Fire Safety Plan</i> mitigation checklist	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.14	Fail to comply with <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i> mitigation checklist	200	150	300	NO	N/A
5.16	Fail to comply with <i>Order</i>	300	225	450	NO	N/A
5.17	Enter forest contrary to <i>Order</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.1(a)	Fail to keep access routes clear	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.1(b)	Fail to post fire lane sign	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.1(d)	Fail to maintain access routes	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.1(e)	Fail to have address visible from street	100	75	150	NO	N/A
6.1(f)	Fail to provide directional signage	100	75	150	NO	N/A
6.1(g)	Fail to keep corridors free of obstructions	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.1(h)	Fail to have devices on exit doors per <i>Building Code</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.2	Fail to maintain <i>Fire Department Lock Box</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(a)	Storage contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(b)	Permit <i>Combustibles</i> around <i>Building</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(c)	Fail to contain storage in room	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(c)	Storage room fails to comply with <i>Building Code</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(d)	Store <i>combustible</i> materials in <i>Storage Garage</i> or <i>Underground Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A

6.4(e)	Storage impeding firefighting access	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(f)	Have storage unit in <i>Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(g)	Storage in common area of <i>Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.4(h)	Storage in portable storage container in common area of <i>Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.5	Fail to maintain <i>Fire Separation</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.6	Fail to keep <i>Fire Door</i> closed	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.7	Fail to have sign on <i>Fire Separation</i> door	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.8	Fail to comply with stair numbering requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.9	Fail to comply with fire extinguisher requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.10	Exit sign not in compliance with <i>Building Code</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.11	Fail to maintain exit sign	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.12	Fail to maintain emergency power for exit sign	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.13	Exit sign not consistent with current <i>Fire Code</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.14	Fail to keep records for exit sign	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.15	Emergency power system does not meet requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.16	Fail to keep records for emergency power system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.17	Storage in exit system area	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.18	Fail to inspect exit systems	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.20	Fail to keep records for exit system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.21	Fail to comply with smoke control system requirements	500	375	750	NO	N/A
6.22	Fail to keep records for smoke control system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.23	Fail to obtain inspection of smoke control system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.24	Fail to inspect or maintain <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.25	Fail to keep records for <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.26	Fail to obtain certificate for installation of monitored <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.27	Fail to notify of cancellation of monitored <i>Fire Alarm System</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.28	Fail to keep records of monitored <i>fire alarm system</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.29(a)	Fail to install smoke alarm	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.29(b)	Fail to maintain smoke alarm	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.30	Fail to keep records for smoke alarm	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.31	Fail to comply with standpipe requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.32	Fail to keep records for standpipe and hose	200	150	300	NO	N/A

6.34	Fail to comply with standpipe siting requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.35	Fail to comply with automatic sprinkler system requirements	500	375	750	NO	N/A
6.36	Fail to comply with automatic sprinkler system connection requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.37	Fail to post sign for automatic sprinkler system connection	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.38	Fail to keep records for automatic sprinkler system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.41	Take water without authorization	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.45	Fail to maintain fire pump	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.46	Fail to keep records for fire pump	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.48	Fail to comply with private fire hydrant requirements	300	225	450	NO	N/A
6.49	Fail to maintain <i>Special Fire Suppression System</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.50	Fail to keep records for <i>special fire suppression system</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.51	Fail to install fire suppression system for commercial cooking equipment	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.52	Fail to maintain fire suppression system for commercial cooking equipment	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.53	Fail to maintain exhaust system for commercial cooking equipment	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.54	Fail to keep records of commercial cooking equipment	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.55	Fail to install radio amplification system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.56	Fail to maintain carbon monoxide monitoring system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.57	Fail to keep records for carbon monoxide monitoring system	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.58	Fail to maintain access to storage areas	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.59	Enclosed <i>Storage Garage</i> used for other than parking vehicles	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.60	Have <i>Private Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.61	Fail to install no storage sign in <i>Enclosed Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.62	Storage of <i>Combustible</i> materials	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.64	Access to <i>Enclosed Storage Garage</i> blocked	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.65	Solid door on <i>Enclosed Storage Garage</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.66(a)	Fail to have required info. on <i>Shipping Container</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.66(b)	Fail to have required contact info. on <i>Shipping Container</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.66(c)	Fail to identify shipping container in <i>Fire Safety Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A

6.67	Fail to install safety features in <i>Shipping Container</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.68	Fail to install ventilation for <i>Shipping Container</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.69	Fail to modify <i>Shipping Container</i> as required	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.70	Store compressed gas in <i>Shipping Container</i>	300	225	450	NO	N/A
6.72	Fail to have <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.74	Decommission fire hydrant without authorization	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.75	Fail to notify of fire hydrant conditions	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.76	Fail to maintain access route	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.77(a)	Fail to comply with <i>Construction Fire Safety Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.77(b)	Fail to comply with Exposure Report	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.77(c)	Fail to install water supply	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.80	New fire hydrant fail to meet requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.81	Handle <i>flammable and combustible liquids</i> contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.82	Hazardous process contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	300	225	450	NO	N/A
6.83	Store <i>Dangerous goods</i> contrary to <i>Fire Code</i>	300	225	450	NO	N/A
6.84(a)	Fail to obtain <i>Mobile Food Vendor</i> inspection	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.84(b)	<i>Mobile Food Vendor</i> fail to comply with commercial cooking equipment requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.84(c)	<i>Mobile food vendor</i> fail to safely situate cooking appliances	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.85	<i>Mobile food vendor</i> with non-flame retardant tent	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.86	<i>Mobile food vendor</i> fail to have required fire extinguishers	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.87(a)	Fail to comply with commercial cooking requirements for <i>Special Event</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.87(b)	Fail to have required aisle width at <i>Special Event</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.87(c)	Fail to have required line of travel at <i>Special Event</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.87(d)	Access to exit blocked at <i>Special Event</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.87(e)	Fail to obtain inspection for <i>Special Event</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.88	Fail to comply with requirements for motor vehicle display	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.89(a)	Service station attendant not qualified	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.89(b)	Service station fire extinguishers do not meet requirements	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.89(c)	Service station fire extinguishers not mounted as required	200	150	300	NO	N/A

6.89(d)	Fail to post service station emergency signage	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.90	Fail to submit <i>Integrated Testing Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.91	Fail to conduct <i>Integrated Test</i> before occupancy	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.92	Fail to conduct <i>Integrated Test</i> after one year	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.93	Fail to conduct <i>Integrated Test</i> every 5 years	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.94	Fail to keep records for <i>Integrated Test</i> on site	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.95	Fail to provide <i>Integrated Testing Plan</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
6.96	Fail to give functional demonstration of <i>Integrated Test</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
7.13	Exceed occupant load	300	225	450	NO	N/A
7.14	Fail to post occupant load	200	150	300	NO	N/A
7.19	Fail to provide fire protection for <i>Special Effects</i>	200	150	300	NO	N/A
9.1(b)	Fail to comply with <i>Order</i>	300	225	450	NO	N/A
9.15	Fail to extinguish fire	300	225	450	NO	N/A
9.18	Obstruction	500	375	750	NO	N/A

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ADOPTED

Mayor

Corporate Officer

The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver

Bylaw 8769

A bylaw to amend Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004

The Council for The Corporation of the District of North Vancouver enacts as follows:

Citation

1. This bylaw may be cited as “Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004, Amendment Bylaw 8769, 2025 (Amendment 6)”.

Amendments

2. Fireworks Regulation Bylaw 7456, 2004 is amended as follows:
 - a) By replacing \$2.00 with “fee as prescribed in the Fees and Charges Bylaw” in Schedule A.

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ADOPTED

Mayor

Corporate Office

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